



User Guide

EAP Controller Software

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1 Quick Start

The EAP Controller is a management software for the TP-Link EAP devices. It allows you to centrally manage your EAP devices using a web browser. You can configure EAPs in batches and conduct real-time monitoring of each EAP in the network.

Follow the steps below to complete the basic settings of the EAP Controller.

1. *Determine the Network Topology*
2. *Install the EAP Controller*
3. *Inform the EAPs of the Controller Host's Address*
4. *Start and Log in to the EAP Controller*
5. *Create Sites and Adopt the EAPs*
6. *Monitor and Manage the EAPs*

1.1 Determine the Network Topology

There are two kinds of network topologies to centrally manage EAPs via the EAP Controller:

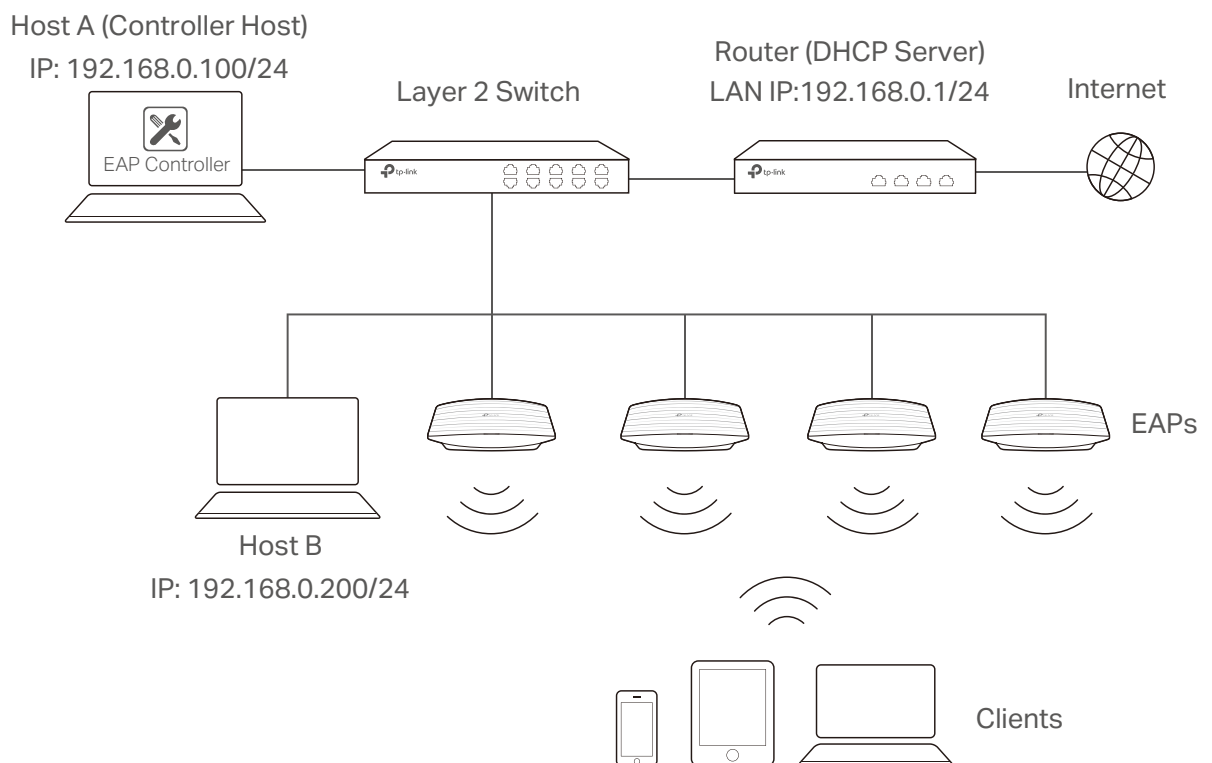
- The EAP Controller and EAPs are in the same subnet.
- The EAP Controller and EAPs are in different subnets.

Determine your management method according to your need and refer to the following introductions to build your network topology.

1.1.1 Management in the Same Subnet

If your EAP Controller and EAPs are in the same subnet, refer to the following network topology.

A router acts as a DHCP server to assign IP addresses to EAPs and clients. EAP Controller should be installed on one host, which is called as Controller Host. The other hosts in the same LAN can access the Controller Host to manage the network. Taking the following topology as an example, you can enter "192.168.0.100:8043" in a web browser on Host B to visit the EAP Controller interface on Host A. It's recommended to set a static IP address to the Controller Host for the convenient login to the EAP Controller interface.



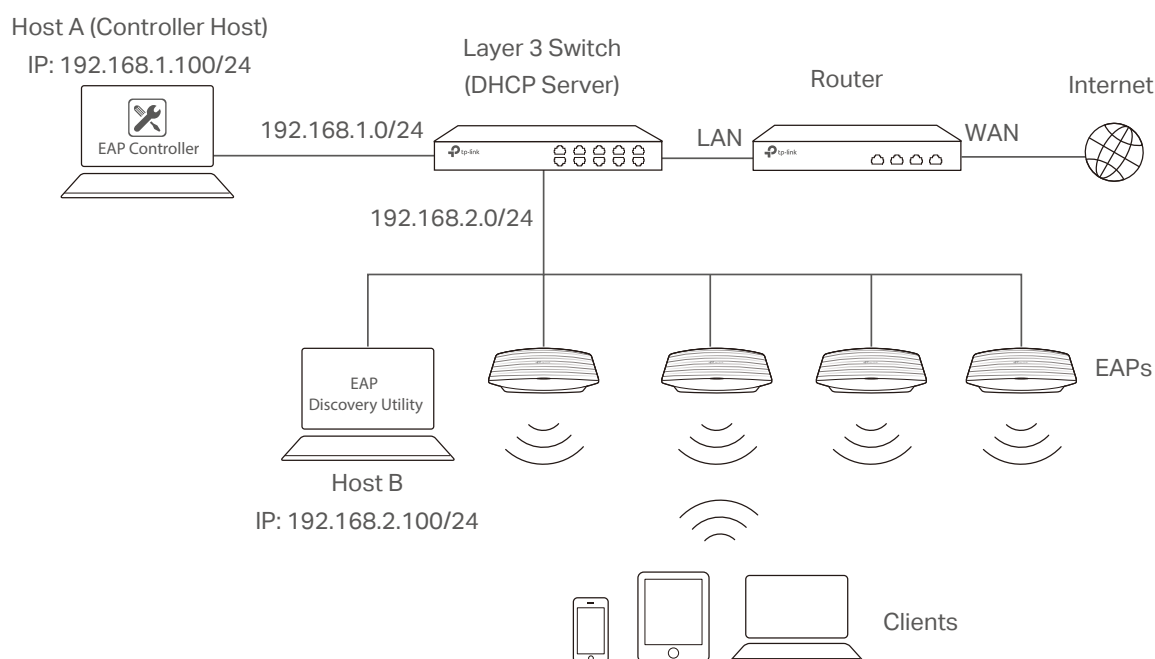
Note:

- The EAP Controller must be running all the time when you manage the network.
- The EAP Controller can be running on only one host in a LAN. When other users in the LAN try to launch EAP Controller on their own hosts, they will be redirected to the host that is already running EAP Controller.

1.1.2 Management in Different Subnets

If your EAP Controller and EAPs are in different subnets, refer to the following topology.

A router acts as the gateway of the network. A layer 3 switch acts as a DHCP server to assign IP addresses to EAPs and clients. The Controller Host and the EAPs are connected to the switch's different network segments. To help the EAPs find the Controller Host, EAP Discover Utility should be installed on Host B which is in the same subnet with the EAPs. For how to use EAP Discovery Utility, refer to [1.3 Inform the EAPs the Controller Host's Address](#) for detailed instructions.



1.2 Install the EAP Controller

We provide EAP Controller for both Windows and Linux operating systems. Determine your operation system and follow the introductions below to install EAP Controller.

1.2.1 Installation on Windows Host

Make sure your PC meets the following system requirements and then properly install the EAP Controller software.

System Requirements

Operating System: Microsoft Windows XP/Vista/7/8/10.

Web Browser: Mozilla Firefox 32 (or above), Google Chrome 37 (or above), Opera 24 (or above), or Microsoft Internet Explorer 11 (or above).

Note:

We recommend that you deploy the EAP controller on a 64-bit operating system to guarantee the software stability.

Install the EAP Controller

Download the installation file of EAP Controller from the website <http://www.tp-link.com/en/download/EAP-Controller.html>. Then follow the instructions to properly install the EAP Controller software. After successful installation, a shortcut icon  of the EAP Controller will be created on your desktop.

1.2.2 Installation on Linux Host

Make sure your PC meets the following system requirements and then install the EAP Controller software.

System Requirements

Operating System: 64-bit Linux operating system, including 16.04/17.04, CentOS 7.2/7.3 and Fedora 24/25.

Web Browser: Mozilla Firefox 32 (or above), Google Chrome 37 (or above), Opera 24 (or above), or Microsoft Internet Explorer 11 (or above).

Install the EAP Controller

Download the installation file of EAP Controller from our website <http://www.tp-link.com/en/download/EAP-Controller.html>.

Follow the steps below to install EAP Controller on your Linux PC:

1. Make sure your PC is running in root mode. You can use this command to enter root mode:

```
sudo
```

2. Extract the tar.gz file using the command:

```
tar zxvf eap_ctrl_v2.4.8_linux_x64_20170619173055.tar.gz
```

3. Install EAP Controller using the command:

```
sudo ./install.sh
```

Tips:

- To uninstall EAP Controller, go to the installation path: /opt/tplink/EAPController, and run the command: `sudo ./uninstall.sh`.
- During uninstallation, you can choose whether to backup the database. The backup folder is /opt/tplink/EAPController/eap_db_backup.
- During installation, you will be asked whether to restore the database if there is any backup database in the folder /opt/tplink/EAPController/eap_db_backup.

1.3 Inform the EAPs of the Controller Host's Address

If your Controller Host and EAPs are in the same network segment, you can skip this section.

If your Controller Host and EAPs are in different subnets, you need to install EAP Discovery Utility on a host that is in the same network segment with the EAPs. EAP Discovery Utility can help the EAPs find the Controller Host.

System Requirements

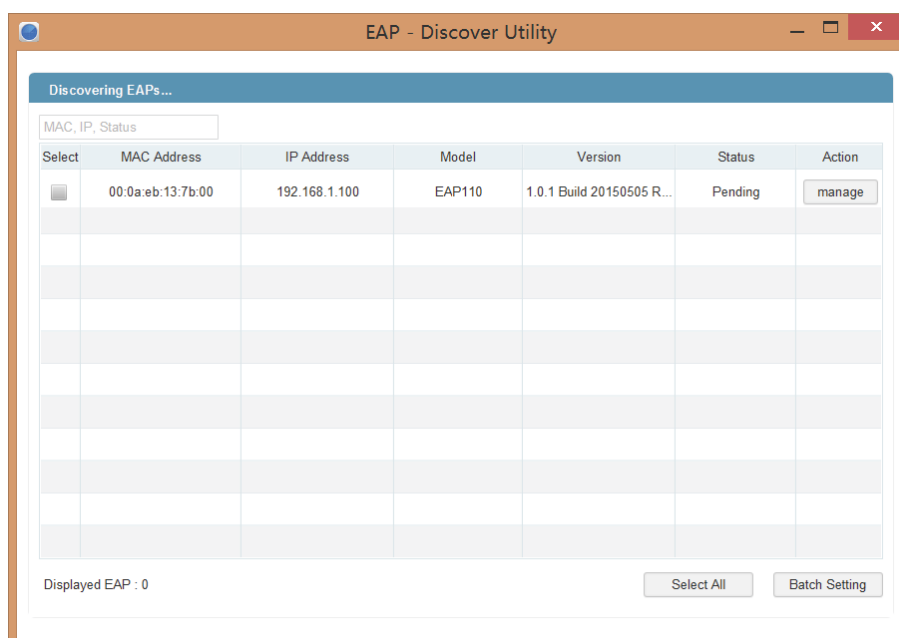
WinXP/Vista/7/8/8.1/10/Server2008/Server2012

Mac OS X 10.7/10.8/10.9/10.10/10.11

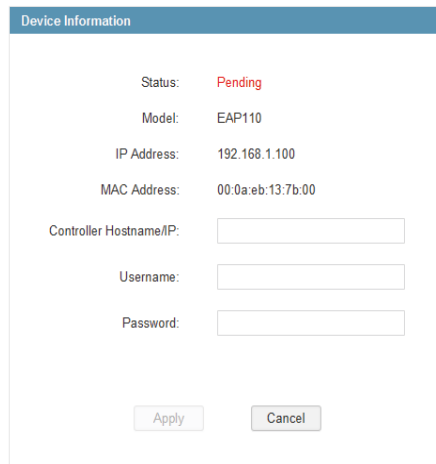
Install and Use EAP Discovery Utility

Follow the steps below to install EAP Discovery Utility and use it to inform the EAPs of the Controller host's IP address:

1. Download the installation file from our website http://www.tp-link.com/en/download/EAP-Controller.html#EAP_Discovery_Tool. Then follow the instructions to properly install EAP Discovery Utility.
2. Open the EAP Discovery Utility and the following window will pop up. This window shows the information of all EAPs in the same LAN.



3. Click **manage** in the **Action** column or select multiple EAPs and click **Batch Setting**.



The 'Device Information' dialog box displays the following information:

- Status: Pending
- Model: EAP110
- IP Address: 192.168.1.100
- MAC Address: 00:0a:eb:13:7b:00
- Controller Hostname/IP:
- Username:
- Password:

At the bottom, there are 'Apply' and 'Cancel' buttons.

4. Enter the hostname or IP address of the Controller Host.
5. Enter the EAP's username and password (both are admin by default).
6. Click **Apply** to inform the EAP of the Controller's hostname or IP address. And then the connection can be established between the EAP and the Controller Host.

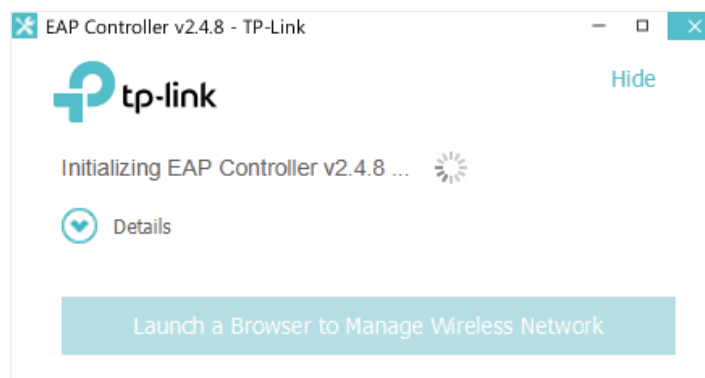
1.4 Start and Log in to the EAP Controller

Launch the software on the Controller Host and follow the instructions to complete the basic configurations, and then you can log in to the management interface.

1.4.1 Launch the EAP Controller

Launch EAP Controller on Windows Host

To launch EAP Controller on a Windows host, double click the icon  and the following window will pop up. You can click **Hide** to hide this window but do not close it. After a while, your web browser will automatically open.



Note:

- If your browser does not open automatically, click **Launch a Browser to Manage Wireless Network**. You can also launch a web browser and enter `http://127.0.0.1:8088` in the address bar.
- If your web browser opens but prompts a problem with the website's security certificate, click **Continue**.

Launch EAP Controller on Linux Host

To launch EAP Controller on a Linux host, follow the steps below:

1. Start the EAP Controller service using the command: **`tpeap start`**.
2. Launch a web browser and enter `http://127.0.0.1:8088` in the address bar to visit the web page of EAP Controller.

Tips:

You can also use the following commands to stop the service or view the service status:

- To stop the service: **`tpeap stop`**
- To view the service status: **`tpeap status`**

1.4.2 Do the Basic Configurations

In the web browser you can see the configuration page. Follow the setup wizard to complete the basic settings for EAP Controller.

1. The EAP Controller displays all the detected EAPs in the network. Select the one or more EAPs to be managed and click **Next**.

The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring the EAP Controller. At the top, there is a progress bar with four steps: 1. Select Devices (highlighted in blue), 2. Wireless Settings, 3. User Account, and 4. Summary. Below the progress bar, the text "Please select the devices you would like to configure" is displayed. A table lists the detected devices with columns for Name/MAC Address, IP Address, and Model. Two devices are listed: one with MAC address ec:08:6b:d4:e9:bc and IP 192.168.0.4 (model EAP330), and another with MAC address 50:c7:bf:0b:be:00 and IP 192.168.0.5 (model EAP225). Both devices have a checked checkbox in the first column. Below the table, there are navigation buttons: "<<", "<", "1", ">", ">>". To the right of these buttons, it says "A total of 1 page(s) Page to" followed by a text input field and a "GO" button. At the bottom right, there are two large buttons: "Skip" and "Next".

☒	↕ Name/MAC Address	↕ IP Address	↕ Model
☒	ec:08:6b:d4:e9:bc	192.168.0.4	EAP330
☒	50:c7:bf:0b:be:00	192.168.0.5	EAP225

<< < 1 > >> A total of 1 page(s) Page to GO

Skip Next

2. Set the SSID name (wireless network name) and password for the EAPs to be managed. The EAP Controller will create two wireless networks, a 2.4GHz one and a 5GHz one both encrypted in the WPA2-PSK mode. Click **Next**.

1 Select Devices 2 Wireless Settings 3 User Account 4 Summary

Please set up your wireless information

SSID: (1-32 characters)

Password: (WPA2-PSK)

Back Next

3. Specify a username and a password to create an administrator account. Specify the email address to receive the notification emails and reset your password if necessary. Click **Next**.

1 Select Devices 2 Wireless Settings 3 User Account 4 Summary

Please set up your login account

Username: (4-32 characters)

Password: (6-32 characters, only numbers and letters.)

Confirm Password:

Backup E-mail: (You can recover password with this email)

Back Next

Note:

After logging into the EAP Controller, please set a mail server so that you can receive the notification emails and reset your password in case that you forget the password. Please refer to [Configure Mail Server](#).

4. Review your settings and click **Finish**.

1 Select Devices 2 Wireless Settings 3 User Account 4 Summary

Please confirm your information

SSID Name: SSID1

Password: 123456abc

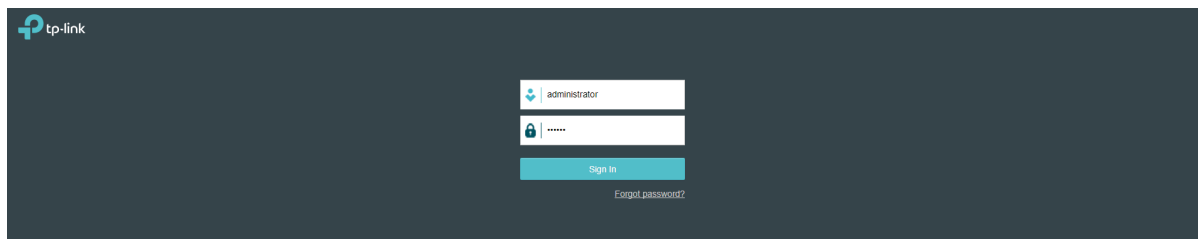
Admin Name: administrator

E-mail: administrator@tp-link.com

Back Finish

1.4.3 Log in to the Management Interface

Once the basic configuration is finished, the browser will be redirected to the following page. Log in to the management interface of EAP Controller with the username and password you have set in the basic configuration.



Note::

In addition to the Controller Host, other hosts in the same LAN can also manage EAP devices via remote access to the Controller Host. For example, when the IP address of the Controller Host is 192.168.0.100 and the EAP Controller is running normally on this host, you can enter **https://192.168.0.100:8043/login**, or **https://192.168.0.100:8043**, or **http://192.168.0.100:8088** in the web browser of other hosts in the same LAN to log into the management interface and manage EAP devices.

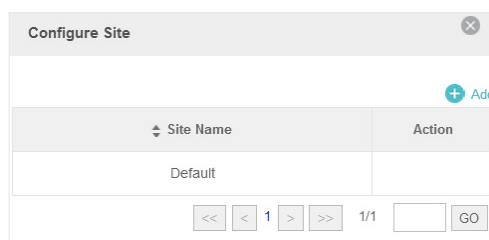
1.5 Create Sites and Adopt EAPs

The EAP Controller can manage multiple EAP networks, which are called sites. Multiple sites are logically separated, and each site has its own configurations. There is an initial site named **Default**. If you have no need to manage EAPs with different sites, you can use the default site and skip the **Create Sites** section. However, **Adopt the EAPs** is a necessary step to manage the EAPs.

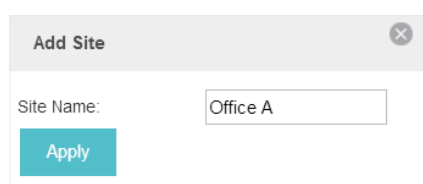
1.5.1 Create Sites

Follow the steps below to add sites.

1. Click **Sites: Default** in the top left corner of the page and select **Add/Edit Site**, and then the following window will pop up.



2. Click **+ Add** and set a name for the site.



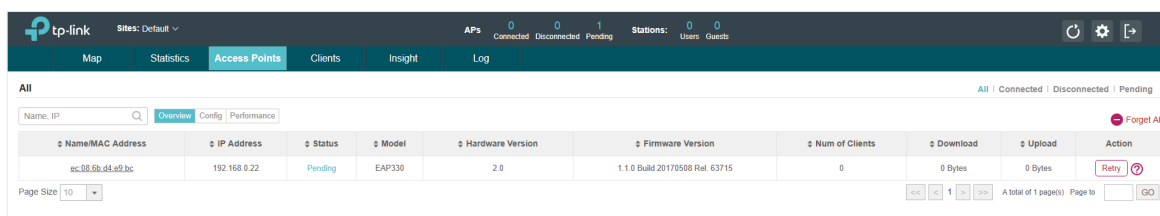
3. Click **Apply** to create the site.

1.5.2 Adopt the EAPs

The EAP Controller can discover all EAP devices currently connected in the network and display their connection statuses. All the EAPs are in **Pending** status when first discovered by the EAP Controller. To manage the EAPs, you need to adopt them. In the quick setup process, the EAP Controller will automatically adopt the selected EAPs using the default username and password (both are admin). However, if you have changed the username or password of your EAPs before, the EAP Controller cannot automatically adopt the them.

To ensure that all EAPs are adopted, follow the steps below:

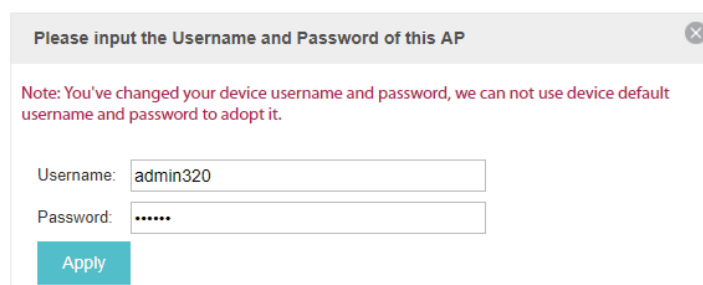
1. Select a site and go to **Access Points > Pending**. The table displays all the EAPs that have not been adopted.



The screenshot shows the TP-Link EAP Controller web interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Map', 'Statistics', 'Access Points', 'Clients', 'Insight', and 'Log'. The 'Access Points' tab is active, showing a table of pending EAPs. The table has columns for Name/MAC Address, IP Address, Status, Model, Hardware Version, Firmware Version, Num of Clients, Download, Upload, and Action. A single EAP is listed with status 'Pending'. The 'Action' column has a 'Retry' button. The interface also shows a search bar, a 'Forget All' button, and pagination controls.

Name/MAC Address	IP Address	Status	Model	Hardware Version	Firmware Version	Num of Clients	Download	Upload	Action
ec:08:6b:d4:ad:bc	192.168.0.22	Pending	EAP330	2.0	1.1.0 Build 20170508 Rel. 63715	0	0 Bytes	0 Bytes	Retry

2. Click the **Retry** button in the **Action** column and enter the current username and password of the EAP. Click **Apply**.



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled 'Please input the Username and Password of this AP'. It contains a note: 'Note: You've changed your device username and password, we can not use device default username and password to adopt it.' Below the note are input fields for 'Username' (containing 'admin320') and 'Password' (containing '*****'). There is an 'Apply' button at the bottom.

Tips:

- If you have a new discovered EAP, you can click the **Adopt** button in the **Action** column to adopt the EAP. The EAP Controller will automatically adopt the EAP using the default username and password (both are admin).
- If you have multiple new discovered EAPs, and all of them have the default username and password (both are admin), you can click the **Batch Adopt** button to adopt them all at once. But if there are any EAPs with the **Retry** button, it means that the username and password of these EAPs have been changed. You need to first adopt them before batch adopt the rest EAPs.

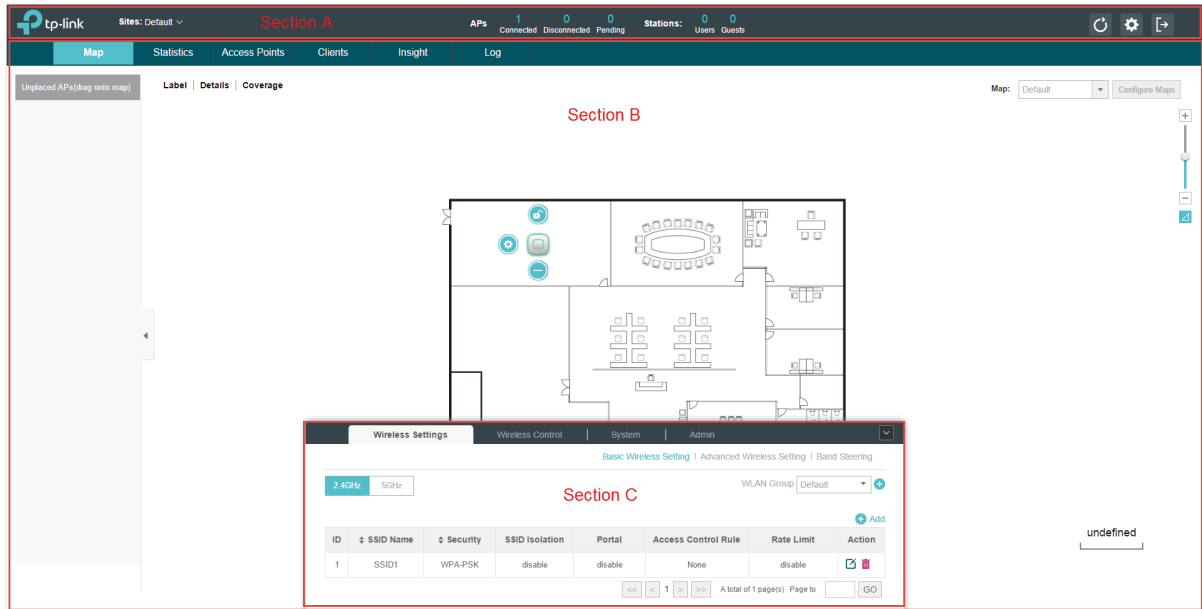
3. Wait for a moment, the EAPs will be adopted and the status will change to **Connected**. All the EAPs' username and password will become the same as those of the Controller's administrator account you created in the [Basic Configuration](#).

Tips:

If you want to change the EAPs' username and password, please refer to [Device Account](#).

1.6 Monitor and Manage the EAPs

When all the configurations above are finished, you can centrally monitor and manage the EAPs via the EAP Controller's management interface. The management interface is mainly divided into three sections as the following screen.



Section A	In Section A, you can check the status of EAPs and clients in the network. Also, you can click  to refresh the current page, click  to globally configure the wireless network, and click  to sign out from the management interface. Furthermore, the Sites allows you to group your EAPs and manage them in batches. To configure sites, refer to Create Sites.
Section B	In Section B, you can centrally monitor and manage the EAPs and clients.
Section C	In Section C, you can globally configure the wireless network. The global configurations will take effect on all the adopted EAPs.

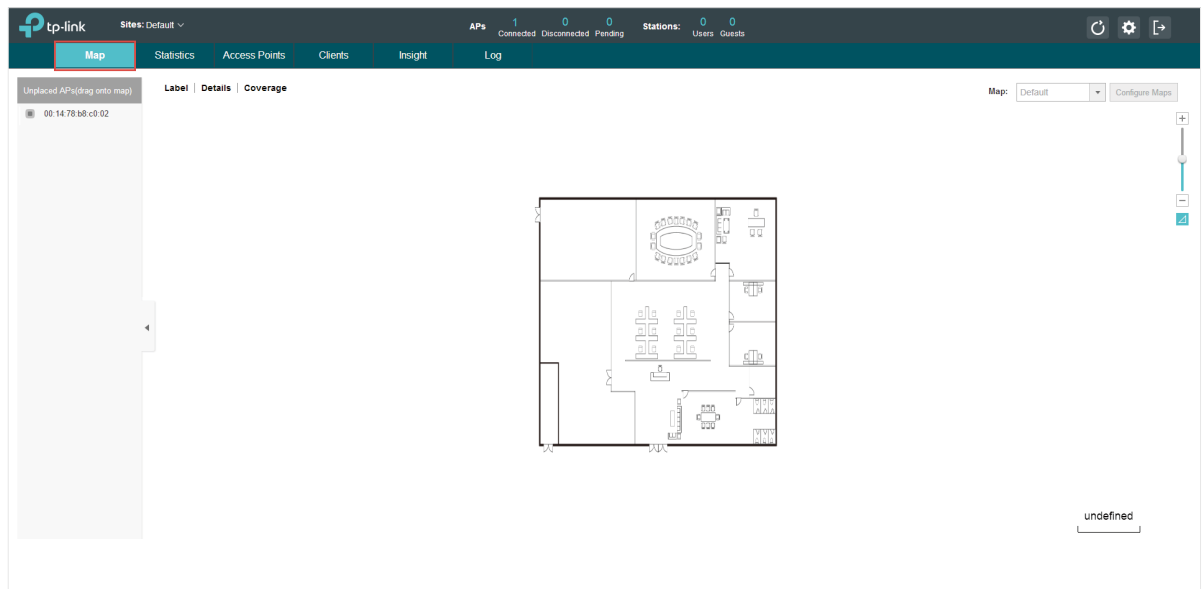
2 **Monitor and Manage the Network**

With the EAP Controller you can monitor the EAP devices and centrally manage your wireless network. This chapter includes the following sections:

- *Monitor the Network with the Map*
- *View the Statistics of the Network*
- *Monitor and Manage the EAPs*
- *Monitor and Manage Clients*
- *View Clients Statistics during the Specified Period*
- *Manage the Rogue APs List*
- *View Past Guest Authorization*
- *View Logs*
- *View Alerts*

2.1 Monitor the Network with the Map

You can upload your local map images and monitor the status and coverage range of each EAP with the map. When you initially launch the EAP Controller, a default map is displayed as the following figure shows. Follow the instructions below to add your own map and manage the EAPs via the map.



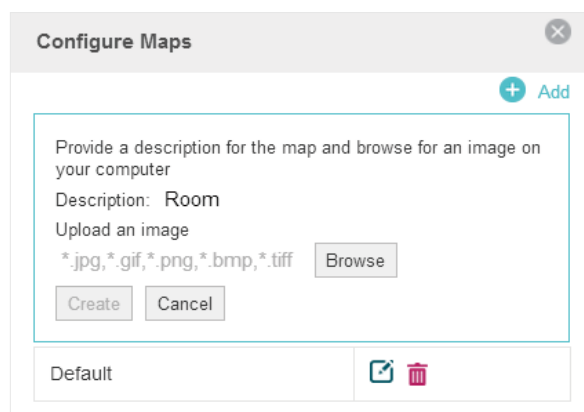
2.1.1 Add a Map

Prepare a map image in .jpg, .gif, or .png format. And then follow the steps below to add the map to the EAP Controller.

1. Click **Configure Maps** on the upper right corner of map and click **Add**.



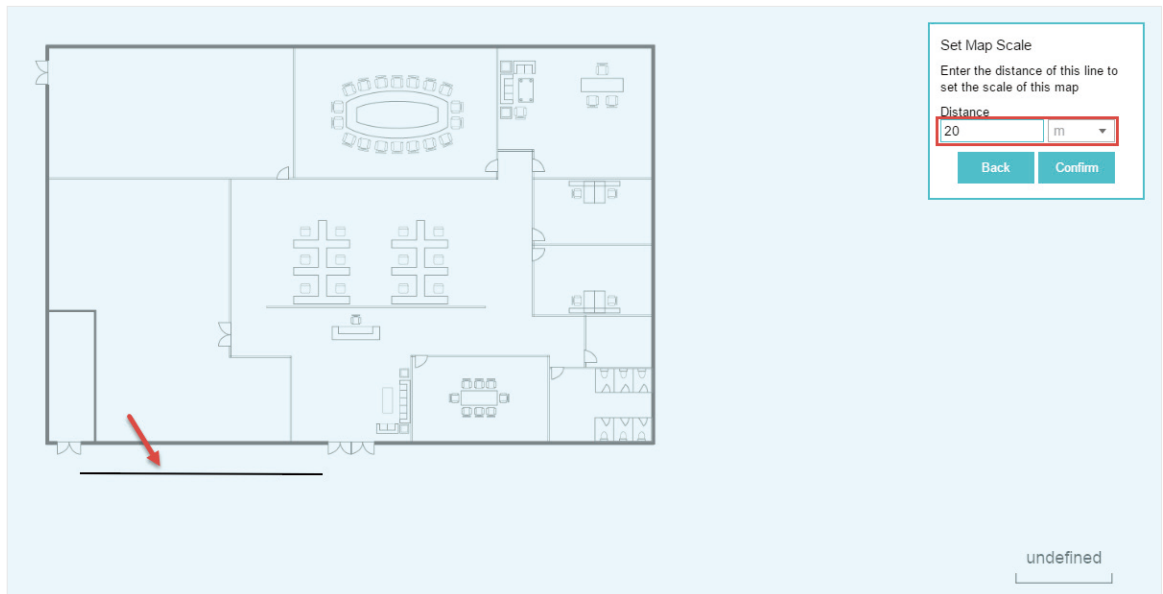
2. Enter the map description, select your map image, and click **Create**.



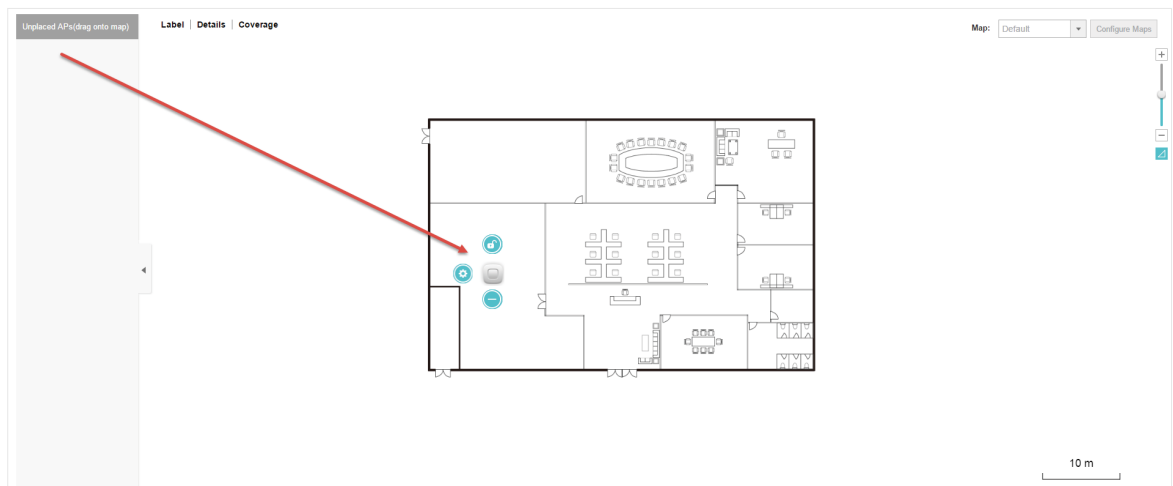
3. Select your local map from the drop-down list on the upper right corner of map area.

Map: ▼

- Click . Draw a line on the map and enter the distance the line represents. Then the EAP Controller will compute and generate the map scale automatically based on your configuration.



- Drag the EAPs from the **Unplaced APs** list to the appropriate locations on the map according to their actual locations.



You can click  to reveal additional options:



Lock the selected EAP in the current location on the map.

	Unlock the selected EAP and you can drag it to another location.
	Display the EAP's details and configure the wireless parameters. Refer to Configure the EAPs Separately .
	Remove the selected EAP back into the Unplaced APs list.

2.1.2 Monitor the EAPs on the Map

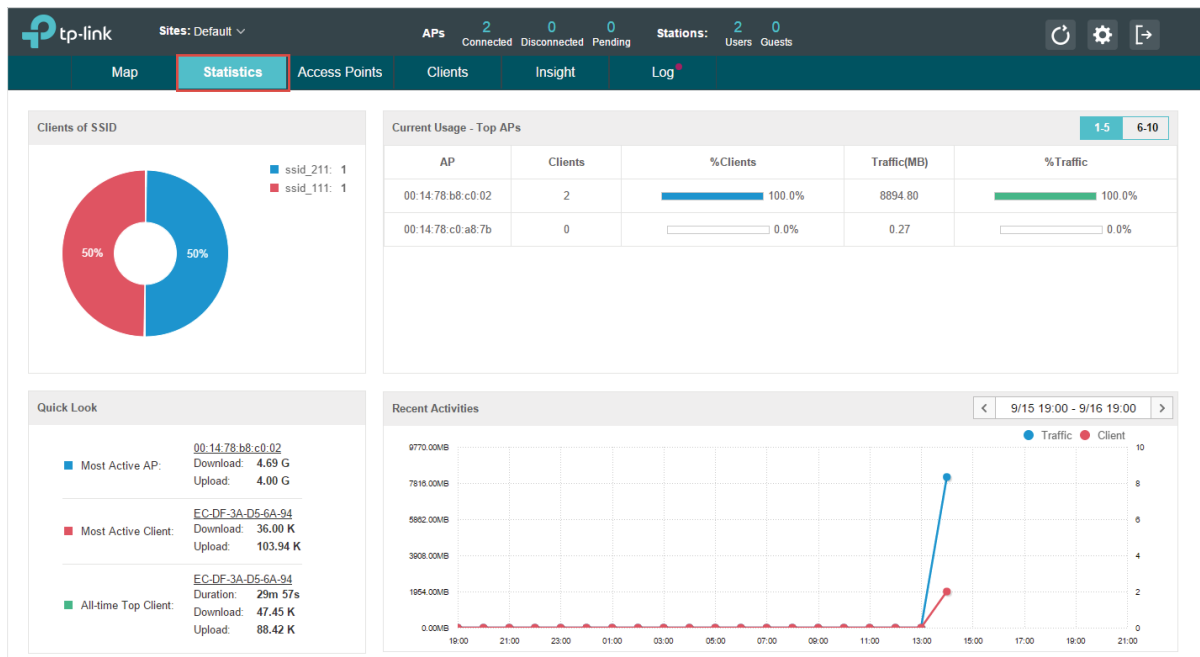
Click any of the following options to display EAP Label, Details, and Coverage on the map.

Label | **Details** | **Coverage**

Label	Display the EAP's name. The default name is the MAC address of the EAP.
Details	Display the EAP's name, MAC address, IP address, transmitting/receiving channel, number of connected users, and number of connected guests.
Coverage	Display a visual representation of the wireless range covered by EAPs. The actual signal coverage may be smaller than the visual coverage on the map because the obstacles around the EAPs will weaken the signal.

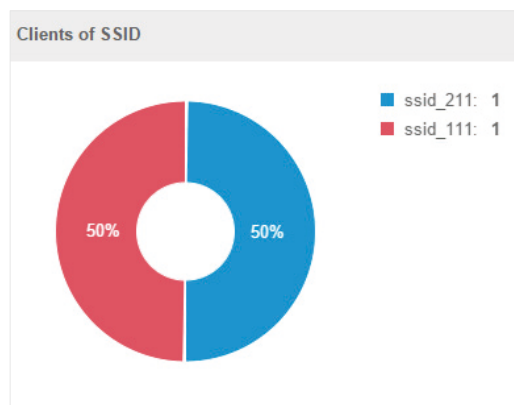
2.2 View the Statistics of the Network

The EAP Controller collects all statistics of the managed EAPs and displays the statistical information via graphs, pie charts and tables, providing an overview of your wireless network.



2.2.1 View the Client Distribution on SSID

A visual pie chart represents the client distribution on each SSID. For example, the ssid_211 has one client, which occupies 50% of all the clients.



2.2.2 Have a Quick Look at EAPs and Clients

This tab displays the **Most Active AP**, the **Most Active Clients** and the **All-Time Top Client**. You can click the MAC address of the EAP or the client to see more details.

Quick Look	
■ Most Active AP:	00:14:78:b8:c0:02 Download: 4.69 G Upload: 4.00 G
■ Most Active Client:	EC-DF-3A-D5-6A-94 Download: 36.00 K Upload: 103.94 K
■ All-time Top Client:	EC-DF-3A-D5-6A-94 Duration: 29m 57s Download: 47.45 K Upload: 88.42 K

Most Active AP	The current connected AP with the maximum traffic.
Most Active Client	The current connected client with the maximum traffic.
All-time Top Client	The client with the maximum traffic among all the clients that have ever accessed the EAP network.

2.2.3 View Current Usage-Top EAPs

This tab lists the hostname, the number of connected clients and the data traffic condition of the ten APs with the most traffic currently.

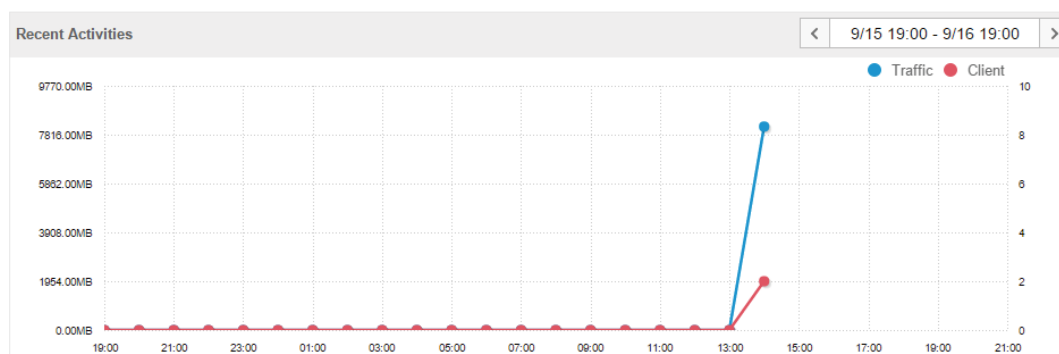
Current Usage - Top APs					1-5	6-10
AP	Clients	%Clients	Traffic(MB)	%Traffic		
00:14:78:b8:c0:02	2	100.0%	8894.80	100.0%		
00:14:78:c0:a8:7b	0	0.0%	0.27	0.0%		

Clients	The amount of clients connected to this EAP.
%Clients	The proportion of current connected clients to the Top EAPs' total client amount.
Traffic	The total amount of data transmitted by this EAP, which equals the sum of the transmission traffic of all the current clients that connect to the AP.
%Traffic	The proportion of the EAP's current data transmission amount to the Top EAPs' total transmission amount.

2.2.4 View Recent Activities

The **Recent Activities** statistics can be toggled between a view for the past specific 24 hours and one for the past specific 30 days.

The left ordinate axis indicates the traffic and the right one represents the number of the clients. The abscissa axis shows the selected time period. **Traffic** indicates a visual graph of the network traffic during the selected time period. **Client** indicates a visual graph of the number of the connected clients during the selected time period. For example, the statistics information at 10:00 indicates the traffic size and client number from 9:00 to 10:00. In the following figure, at 10 o'clock, the traffic is about 8 and there is 1 client connected to the AP.



2.3 Monitor and Manage the EAPs

The EAP Controller can discover all the EAP devices currently connected to the network and display the information about them on the **Access Points** page.

The screenshot shows the TP-Link EAP Controller interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Map', 'Statistics', 'Access Points', 'Clients', 'Insight', and 'Log'. The 'Access Points' tab is selected. Below the navigation bar, there is a table of access points. The table has columns for Name/MAC Address, IP Address, Status, Model, Hardware Version, Firmware Version, Num of Clients, Download, Upload, and Action. The first row shows an access point with MAC address 'ec:00:b0:d4:a0:bc', IP address '192.168.0.22', and status 'Configuring'. The table also includes a search bar and a 'Forget All' button.

2.3.1 Manage the EAPs in Different Status

According to their connection status, all the EAPs are divided into three categories: connected, disconnected and pending. You can view the EAPs in different status on different pages:

[All](#) | [Connected](#) | [Disconnected](#) | [Pending](#)

All

Displays the information of all the EAPs in different status.

Pending

Displays the pending EAPs.

All the EAPs are in pending state by default when first discovered by the EAP Controller, and only after they are adopted and connected, you can monitor and manage them. To adopt pending EAPs, please refer to [Adopt EAPs](#).

Connected	Displays the connected EAPs. Only connected EAPs can be managed. After you adopt a pending EAP, its status will become provisioning and then connected. A connected EAP will turn into a pending one after you forget this EAP. You can refer to Forget this AP to forget a EAP or click Forget All on the page to forget all the connected EAPs.
Disconnected	Displays the disconnected EAPs. If a connected or pending EAP powers off, it will be disconnected. When a disconnected EAP is reset to factory default settings or you forget it, it will turn into a pending one again. You can refer to Forget this AP to forget a EAP or click Forget All on the page to forget all the disconnected EAPs.

2.3.2 View the Detailed Information of EAPs

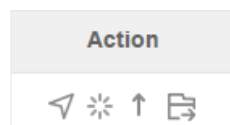
You can click **Overview**, **Config**, and **Performance** tab to view different detailed information of EAPs.



Overview	Overview displays the EAP's name/MAC address, IP address, status, model, software version, number of connected clients and download/upload bytes.
Config	Config displays the EAP's name/MAC address, IP address, status, model, software version, WLAN Group bounded with the 2G and 5G of the EAP, and radio of the 2G and 5G.
Performance	Performance displays the EAP's name/MAC address, IP address, status, model, software version, number of connected 2G clients and 5G clients, TX(Downloaded Traffic), RX(Uploaded Traffic), TX 2G and TX 5G.

2.3.3 Manage the EAPs in the Action Column

You can execute the corresponding operation to the EAP by clicking an icon in the **Action** column.



	Locate the EAP in the map.
	Reboot the EAP.



Upgrade the EAP.

Click **Browse** to locate and choose the upgrade file in your computer, then click **Upgrade** to install the latest EAP firmware. The Status will appear as **Upgrading** until the process is complete and the EAP reconnects to the EAP Controller.

Upgrade(00:14:78:c0:a8:7b)

Model: EAP115-Wall

Upgrade File: **Browse** **Upgrade**



Move the EAP to a site.

Select a site that has been created and click **Apply**. You can group all the EAPs by this way and centrally manage them on each site.

Move to Site(00:14:78:c0:a8:7b)

Move to Site: **Apply**

Default
Office
Rest Room

Note:

- Only managed EAPs can be rebooted or upgraded.
- If you want to login to the EAP's own management interface, you need to forget the EAP before that.

2.4 Monitor and Manage Clients

The **Clients** tab displays the clients connected to the EAP network.

tp-link Sites: Default ▾ APs: 2 Connected, 0 Disconnected, 0 Pending Stations: 2 Users, 0 Guests

Map Statistics Access Points **Clients** Insight Log

Users All Clients | Users | Guests

MAC, Name, IP, AP, SSID 🔍

MAC Address	Hostname	IP Address	Access Point	SSID	User/Guest	2G/5G	Download	Upload	Rate(Mbps)	Active Time	Signal	Action
EC-DF-3A-D5-6A-94	android-5ef6a80335fb9d762	192.168.0.103	00:14:78:b8:c0:02	ssid_211	User	2G	67.29 K	183.92 K	13.0	7m 59s	📶	🔗 🗑️
58-A2-B5-E2-F9-B9	android-4914cd2ba4fa66b1	192.168.0.107	00:14:78:b8:c0:02	ssid_111	User	5G	28.52 K	63.69 K	62.0	4m 43s	📶	🔗 🗑️

Page Size 10 << < 1 > >> A total of 1 page(s) Page to GO

2.4.1 View the Current Information of Clients

The clients are divided into two types: User and Guest. Users are the clients connected to the EAP wireless network without the [Portal Authentication](#). Guests are the clients connected to the EAP wireless network with the [Portal Authentication](#).

You can click the following tabs to respectively view the detailed information of users and guests.

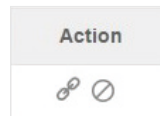
[All Clients](#) | [Users](#) | [Guests](#)

[All Clients](#) The page will display the information of all clients including users and guests.

Users	The page will display the information of Users.
Guests	The page will display the information of Guests.

2.4.2 Manage Clients in the Action Column

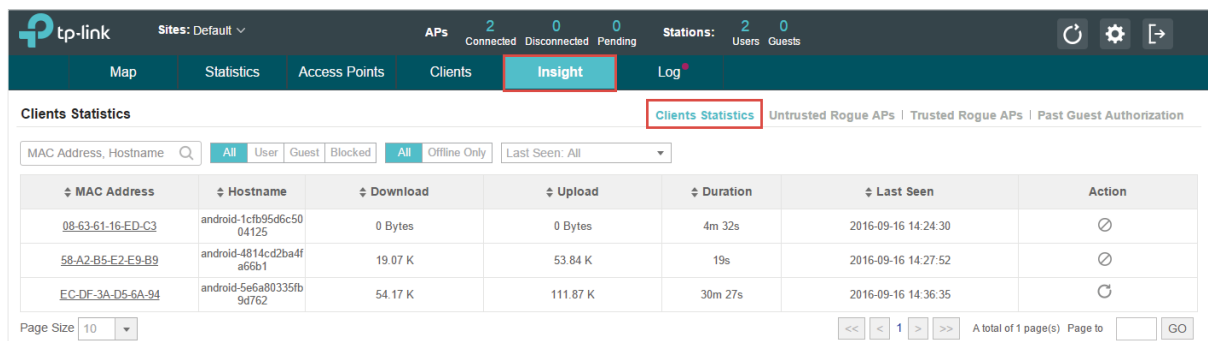
You can execute the corresponding operation to the EAP by clicking an icon in the **Action** column:



	Reconnect the client to the network.
	Restrict the client's access to the network.
	If the client is Guest, you can click this icon to cancel the authorization for it.

2.5 View Clients Statistics During the Specified Period

The **Clients Statistics** page under the **Insight** tab displays the information of clients that have connected to the EAPs network during a specified period.



Clients Statistics

MAC Address, Hostname, Download, Upload, Duration, Last Seen, Action

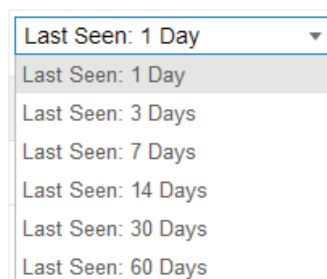
MAC Address	Hostname	Download	Upload	Duration	Last Seen	Action
08-63-61-16-ED-C3	android-1cfb95d5c504125	0 Bytes	0 Bytes	4m 32s	2016-09-16 14:24:30	
58-A2-B5-E2-E9-B9	android-4814cd2ba4fa6b1	19.07 K	53.84 K	19s	2016-09-16 14:27:52	
EC-DF-3A-D5-6A-94	android-5e6a80335fb9d762	54.17 K	111.87 K	30m 27s	2016-09-16 14:36:35	

Page Size: 10

<< 1 >> A total of 1 page(s) Page to GO

2.5.1 Select a Specified Period

Select a period from the drop-down menu. Then the page will display clients that have connected to the EAPs network during the period.



2.5.2 View the History Information of Clients

You can click the client's MAC address to get its connection history or click the following tabs to view the information of different types of clients:



All	The page will display the history information of all the clients.
User	The page will display the history information of Users. Users are the clients connected to the EAP wireless network without the Portal Authentication .
Guest	The page will display the history information of Guests. Guests are the clients connected to the EAP wireless network with the Portal Authentication .
Blocked	The page will display the clients that have been blocked.



All	The page will display the history information of all clients.
Offline Only	The page will display the history information of the offline clients.

2.5.3 Manage Clients in the Action Column

You can execute the corresponding operation to the EAP by clicking an icon in the **Action** column:

	Block the client's access to the network.
	Resume the client's access.

2.6 Manage the Rogue APs List

A Rogue AP is an access point that has been installed on a secure network without explicit authorization from a system administrator. The EAP Controller can scan all channels to detect all nearby EAPs. If rogue APs are detected, they will be shown on the **Untrusted Rogue APs** list. Besides, you can move the untrusted rogue APs to the **Trusted Rogue APs** list.

2.6.1 Manage the Untrusted Rogue APs List

The **Untrusted Rogue APs** page displays the detailed information of untrusted rogue APs.

Sites: Default

APs

2 Connected

0 Disconnected

0 Pending

Stations:

2 Users

0 Guests

Map

Statistics

Access Points

Clients

Insight

Log

Untrusted Rogue APs

Clients Statistics

Untrusted Rogue APs

Trusted Rogue APs

Past Guest Authorization

MAC, SSID

Q

Delete All

MAC	SSID	Band	Channel	Security	Beacon	Signal	Last Seen	Action
50:C7:BF:1B:E6:75	TP-LINK_Extender_5GHz	5G	36	OFF	100	-97	2016-09-16 14:42:00	
0C:4A:08:13:50:0B	TP-LINK_500C_5G	5G	36	ON	100	-104	2016-09-16 14:42:00	
C4:E9:84:79:C2:1A	TP-LINK_C21A	2.4G	7	ON	100	-81	2016-09-16 14:42:00	
00:0A:EB:20:02:40	TP-LINK_0241_5G	5G	149	ON	100	-97	2016-09-16 14:42:00	
00:35:00:07:18:02	TP-LINK_Extender_5GHz	5G	36	OFF	100	-99	2016-09-16 14:42:00	
00:0A:EB:0A:36:84	TP-LINK_AP_3684	2.4G	6	ON	100	-99	2016-09-16 14:42:00	
C0:4A:00:0A:A4:A3	LL_3600_5G	5G	36	OFF	100	-99	2016-09-16 14:42:00	
74:DE:AD:3A:D1:B2	TP-LINK_Extender_5GHz	5G	36	OFF	100	-109	2016-09-16 14:42:00	
D8:5D:4C:BF:60:3A	TP-LINK_603A	2.4G	3	ON	100	-65	2016-09-16 14:42:00	
50:C7:BF:1B:E0:0C	TP-LINK_E00C	2.4G	1	ON	100	-83	2016-09-16 14:42:00	

Page Size

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A total of 9 page(s)

Page to

GO

You can execute the corresponding operation to the EAP by clicking an icon in the **Action** column:



Move the untrusted rogue AP to the Trusted Rogue APs list.



Delete this record.



Delete All

Delete all records.

2.6.2 Manage the Trusted Rogue APs List

The Trusted Rogue APs page displays the detailed information of trusted rogue APs.

Sites: Default

APs

2 Connected

0 Disconnected

0 Pending

Stations:

2 Users

0 Guests

Map

Statistics

Access Points

Clients

Insight

Log

Trusted Rogue APs

Clients Statistics

Untrusted Rogue APs

Trusted Rogue APs

Past Guest Authorization

MAC, SSID

Q

Import

Export

MAC	SSID	Band	Channel	Security	Last Seen	Action
50:C7:BF:1B:E6:75	TP-LINK_Extender_5GHz	5G	36	OFF	2016-09-16 14:43:20	
C4:E9:84:79:C2:1A	TP-LINK_C21A	2.4G	7	ON	2016-09-16 14:43:10	

Page Size

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A total of 1 page(s)

Page to

GO

You can execute the corresponding operation to the EAP by clicking an icon in the **Action** column:



Move the trusted rogue AP to the Untrusted Rogue APs list.



Export

Export and download the current Trusted Rogue APs list and save it on your PC.



Import a saved Trusted Rogue APs list. If the MAC address of an AP appears in list, it will not be detected as a rogue AP.

Import Trusted AP List

Import Mode: ☒ Replace ☐ Merge

Import Source File:

Browse

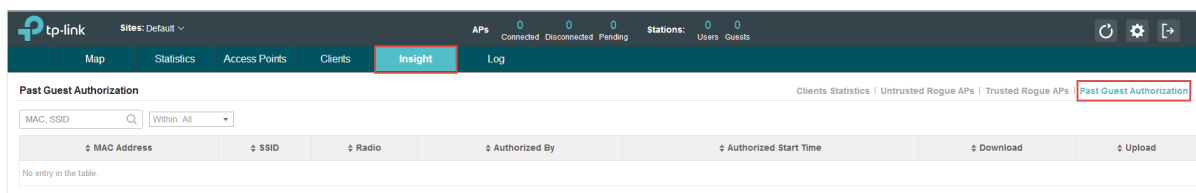
Import

Please follow the steps below:

1. Select **Replace** (replace the current Trusted Rogue APs list with the one you import) or **Merge** (add the APs in the file to the current Trusted Rogue APs list).
2. Click **Browse** to locate the file and choose it.
3. Click **Import** to import the Trusted Rogue APs list.

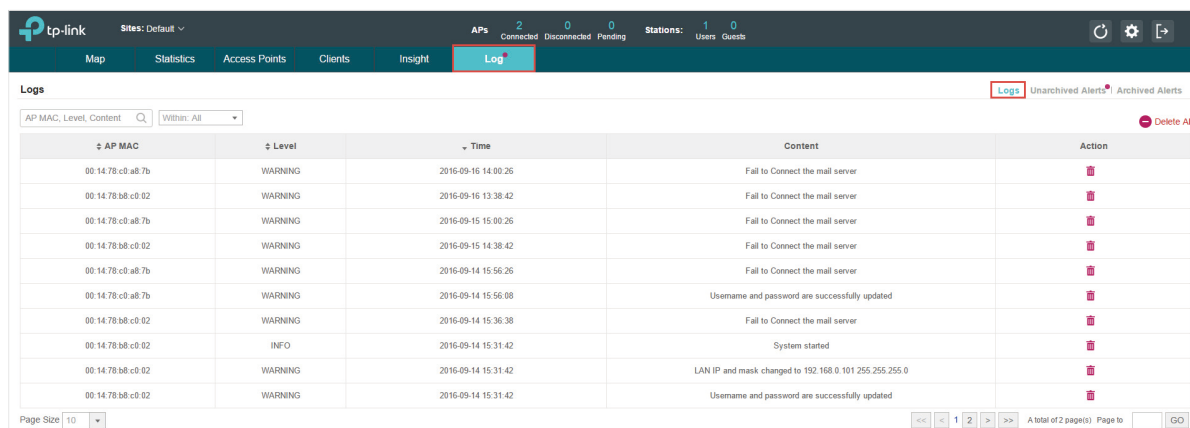
2.7 View Past Guest Authorization

The Past Guest Authorization page displays the details about all the clients that accessed the network during a certain time period. You can select a period in the drop-down list.



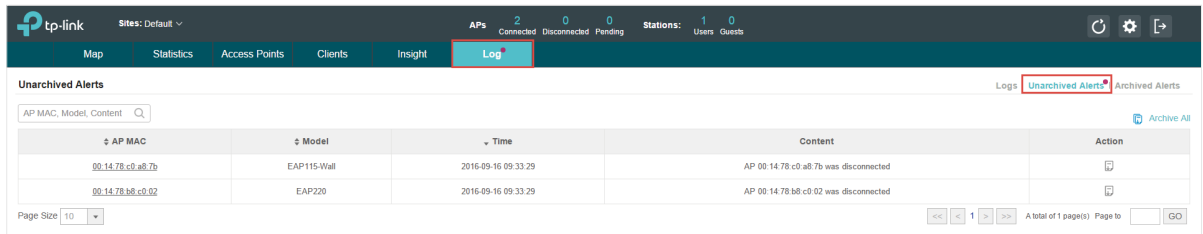
2.8 View Logs

The logs of the EAP Controller can effectively record, classify and manage the system information of the managed EAPs, providing powerful support for network administrator to monitor network operation and diagnose malfunctions. The Logs page displays EAP's MAC address, level, occurred time and content.



2.9 View Alerts

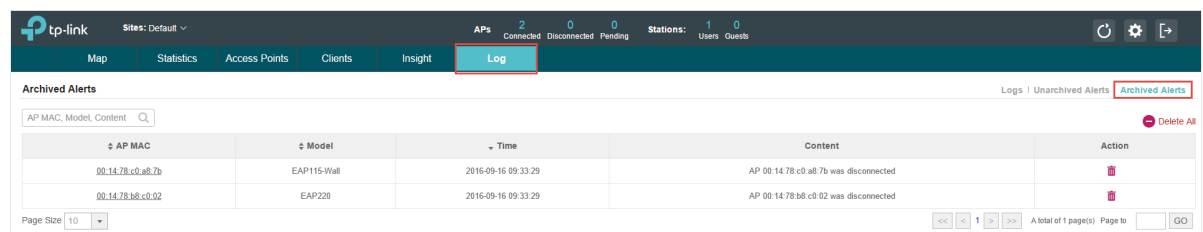
You can see the status change of your EAPs on the **Unarchived Alerts** page. You can click  or  **Archive All** to move unarchived alerts to the Archived Alerts page.



The screenshot shows the 'Unarchived Alerts' page. The top navigation bar includes 'Map', 'Statistics', 'Access Points', 'Clients', 'Insight', and 'Log' (highlighted with a red box). The 'Log' section shows 'APs: 2 Connected, 0 Disconnected, 0 Pending' and 'Stations: 1 Users, 0 Guests'. The 'Unarchived Alerts' section has a search bar and a table with columns: AP MAC, Model, Time, Content, and Action. The table contains two rows of alerts. The 'Action' column has an 'Archive All' button (highlighted with a red box) and a 'Log' button (highlighted with a red box). The page footer shows 'Page Size: 10' and 'A total of 1 page(s) Page to: GO'.

AP MAC	Model	Time	Content	Action
00:14:78:c0:a8:7b	EAP115-Wall	2016-09-16 09:33:29	AP 00:14:78:c0:a8:7b was disconnected	
00:14:78:b8:c0:02	EAP220	2016-09-16 09:33:29	AP 00:14:78:b8:c0:02 was disconnected	

As follows, the Archived Alerts page displays the alerts archived by you. You can click  or  **Delete All** to delete the records.



The screenshot shows the 'Archived Alerts' page. The top navigation bar includes 'Map', 'Statistics', 'Access Points', 'Clients', 'Insight', and 'Log' (highlighted with a red box). The 'Log' section shows 'APs: 2 Connected, 0 Disconnected, 0 Pending' and 'Stations: 1 Users, 0 Guests'. The 'Archived Alerts' section has a search bar and a table with columns: AP MAC, Model, Time, Content, and Action. The table contains two rows of alerts. The 'Action' column has a 'Delete All' button (highlighted with a red box) and a 'Log' button (highlighted with a red box). The page footer shows 'Page Size: 10' and 'A total of 1 page(s) Page to: GO'.

AP MAC	Model	Time	Content	Action
00:14:78:c0:a8:7b	EAP115-Wall	2016-09-16 09:33:29	AP 00:14:78:c0:a8:7b was disconnected	
00:14:78:b8:c0:02	EAP220	2016-09-16 09:33:29	AP 00:14:78:b8:c0:02 was disconnected	

3 **Configure the EAPs Globally**

This chapter introduces the global configurations applied to all the managed EAPs. To configure a specific EAP, please refer to [Chapter 4 Configure the EAPs Separately](#).

In global configurations, you can configure the following items:

- *Wireless Network*
- *Access Control*
- *Portal Authentication*
- *Free Authentication Policy*
- *MAC Filter*
- *Scheduler*
- *System*

3.1 Wireless Network

In addition to the wireless network you created in Quick Start, you can add more wireless networks and configure the advanced wireless parameters to improve the quality of the wireless network.

3.1.1 Add Wireless Networks

To add wireless networks, follow the steps below.

1. Go to **Wireless Settings > Basic Wireless Setting**.

The screenshot shows the 'Basic Wireless Setting' page. At the top, there are tabs for 'Wireless Settings', 'Wireless Control', 'System', and 'Admin'. The 'Wireless Settings' tab is active. Below the tabs, there are two sub-tabs: 'Basic Wireless Setting' (selected) and 'Advanced Wireless Setting | Band Steering'. On the left, there are two buttons for '2.4GHz' and '5GHz'. On the right, there is a 'WLAN Group' dropdown menu set to 'Default' with a '+' icon to its right. Below these, there is a table with the following columns: ID, SSID Name, Security, SSID Isolation, Portal, Access Control Rule, Rate Limit, and Action. The table contains one row with ID '1', SSID Name 'SSID1', Security 'WPA-PSK', SSID Isolation 'disable', Portal 'disable', Access Control Rule 'None', Rate Limit 'disable', and Action icons. At the bottom right of the table, there is a '+ Add' button. Below the table, there are pagination controls showing '<<', '<', '1', '>', '>>' and the text 'A total of 1 page(s) Page to' followed by a text input field and a 'GO' button.

2. Select a band frequency **2.4GHz** **5GHz** and click **+** at the right of **WLAN Group** **Default** to add a WLAN group. If you have no need to group your wireless networks, you can use the default WLAN group and skip this step.
3. Specify a name for the group and click **Apply**.

The screenshot shows a 'WLAN Group' configuration dialog box. It has a title bar with 'WLAN Group' and a close button. Inside, there is a 'Name' label and a text input field containing 'Group1'. Below the input field is an 'Apply' button.

4. Select the brand frequency **2.4GHz** **5GHz** and WLAN group **WLAN Group** **Default**.
5. Click **+** **Add** to add an SSID to the specific WLAN group.
6. Configure the parameters in the following window.

Add 2.4GHz SSID

Basic Info

SSID Name:

Wireless Vlan ID:

0

(0-4094, 0 is used to disable VLAN tagging.)

SSID Broadcast:

☒ Enable

Security Mode:

WPA-PSK

Version:

☐ Auto
☐ WPA-PSK
☒ WPA2-PSK

Encryption:

☐ Auto
☐ TKIP
☒ AES

Wireless Password:

Group Key Update Period:

0

seconds(30-8640000,0 means no upgrade).

Portal:

☐ Enable

SSID Isolation:

☐ Enable

Access Control Rule:

None

Rate Limit

Apply

SSID Name	Enter an SSID name contains up to 32 characters.
Wireless Vlan ID	Set a VLAN ID for the wireless network. Wireless networks with the same VLAN ID are grouped to a VLAN. The value ranges from 0 to 4094. 0 means VLAN function is disabled.
SSID Broadcast	With the option enabled, EAPs will broadcast the SSID to the nearby hosts, so that those hosts can find the wireless network identified by this SSID. If this option is disabled, users must enter the SSID manually to connect to the EAP. Enabled by default.
Security Mode	Select the security mode of the wireless network. None: The hosts can access the wireless network without authentication. WEP/WPA-Enterprise/WPA-PSK: The hosts need to get authenticated before accessing the wireless network. For the network security, you are suggested to encrypt your wireless network. Settings vary in different security modes and the details are in the following introduction.
Portal	With the option enabled, the configurations in Portal will be applied. Portal provides authentication service for the clients who just need temporary access to the wireless network, such as the customers in shopping mall and restaurant. Disabled by default.
SSID Isolation	With the option enabled, the devices connected in the same SSID of the same AP cannot communicate with each other. Disabled by default.
Access Control	Select an Access Control rule for this SSID. For more information, refer to Access Control .

Following is the detailed introduction of **WEP**, **WPA-Enterprise** and **WPA-PSK**.

WEP

WEP is based on the IEEE 802.11 standard and less safe than WPA-Enterprise and WPA-PSK.

Note:

WEP is not supported in 802.11n mode or 802.11ac mode. If WEP is applied in 802.11n, 802.11 ac or 802.11n/ac mixed mode, the clients may not be able to access the wireless network. If WEP is applied in 11b/g/n mode (2.4GHz) or 11a/n (5GHz), the EAP device may work at a low transmission rate.

Security Mode:	WEP
Type:	☒ Auto ☐ Open System ☐ Shared Key
Key Selected:	Key1
WEP Key Format:	☒ ASCII ☐ Hexadecimal
Key Type:	☒ 64Bit ☐ 128Bit ☐ 152Bit
Key Value:	weppw

Type	Select the authentication type for WEP. Auto: The EAP Controller can select Open System or Shared Key automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request. Open System: Clients can pass the authentication and associate with the wireless network without password. However, correct password is necessary for data transmission. Shared Key: Clients have to input password to pass the authentication, otherwise it cannot associate with the wireless network or transmit data.
Key Selected	Select one key to specify. You can configure four keys at most.
WEP Key Format	Select ASCII or Hexadecima as the WEP key format. ASCII: ASCII format stands for any combination of keyboard characters of the specified length. Hexadecimal: Hexadecimal format stands for any combination of hexadecimal digits (0-9, a-f, A-F) with the specified length.
Key Type	Select the WEP key length for encryption. 64Bit: Enter 10 hexadecimal digits or 5 ASCII characters. 128Bit: Enter 26 hexadecimal digits or 13 ASCII characters. 152Bit: Enter 32 hexadecimal digits or 16 ASCII characters.
Key Value	Enter the WEP keys. The length and valid characters are affected by key type.

WPA-Enterprise

The WPA-Enterprise mode requires a RADIUS server to authenticate clients. Since the WPA-Enterprise can generate different passwords for different clients, it is much safer than WPA-PSK. However, it costs much more to maintain and is usually used by enterprise.

Security Mode:	WPA-Enterprise ▼	
Version:	☐ Auto ☐ WPA ☒ WPA2	
Encryption:	☐ Auto ☐ TKIP ☒ AES	
Radius Server IP:	0.0.0.0	
Radius Port:	0	(1-65535, 0 means default port 1812.)
Radius Password:		
Group Key Update Period:	0	seconds(30-8640000, 0 means no upgrade).

Version	Select the version of WPA-Enterprise. Auto: The EAP will automatically choose the version used by each client device. WPA/WPA2: Two versions of Wi-Fi Protected Access.
Encryption	Select the Encryption type. Auto: The default setting is Auto and the EAP will select TKIP or AES automatically based on the client device's request. TKIP: Temporal Key Integrity Protocol. TKIP is not supported in 802.11n mode, 802.11ac mode or 802.11n/ac mixed mode. If TKIP is applied in 802.11n, 802.11 ac or 802.11n/ac mixed mode, the clients may not be able to access the wireless network of the EAP. If TKIP is applied in 11b/g/n mode (2.4GHz) or 11a/n mode(5GHz), the device may work at a low transmission rate. AES: Advanced Encryption Standard. We recommend you select AES as the encryption type because it is more secure than TKIP.
Radius Server IP	Enter the IP address of the Radius Server.
Radius Port	Enter the port number of the Radius Server.
Radius Password	Enter the shared secret key of the Radius server.
Group Key Update Period	Specify a group key update period, which instructs the EAP how often it should change the encryption keys. The value can be either 0 or 30~8640000 seconds. 0 means no change of the encryption key anytime.

WPA-PSK

Based on a pre-shared key, WPA-PSK is characterized by high safety and simple settings and is mostly used by common households and small businesses.

Security Mode:	WPA-PSK	
Version:	☐ Auto ☐ WPA-PSK ☒ WPA2-PSK	
Encryption:	☐ Auto ☐ TKIP ☒ AES	
Wireless Password:		
Group Key Update Period:	0	seconds(30-8640000,0 means no upgrade).

Version	Select the version of WPA-PSK. Auto: The EAP will automatically choose the version for each client device. WPA-PSK: Pre-shared key of WPA. WPA2-PSK: Pre-shared key of WPA2.
Encryption	Select the Encryption type. Auto: The default setting is Auto and the EAP will select TKIP or AES automatically based on the client request. TKIP: Temporal Key Integrity Protocol. TKIP is not supported in 802.11n mode, 802.11ac mode or 802.11n/ac mixed mode. If TKIP is applied in 802.11n, 802.11 ac or 802.11n/ac mixed mode, the clients may not be able to access the wireless network of the EAP. If TKIP is applied in 11b/g/n mode (2.4GHz) or 11a/n mode(5GHz), the device may work at a low transmission rate. AES: Advanced Encryption Standard. We recommend you select AES as the encryption type for it is more secure than TKIP.
Wireless Password	Configure the wireless password with ASCII or Hexadecimal characters. For ASCII, the length should be between 8 and 63 characters with combination of numbers, letters (case-sensitive) and common punctuations. For Hexadecimal, the length should be 64 characters (case-insensitive, 0-9, a-f, A-F).
Group Key Update Period	Specify a group key update period, which instructs the EAP how often it should change the encryption keys. The value can be either 0 or 30~8640000 seconds. 0 means the encryption keys will not be changed all the time.

7. Enable **Rate Limit** for the clients to guarantee the network balance. Enter the value for **Download Limit** and **Upload Limit**. 0 means unlimited.

Rate Limit		
Enable:	☐	
Download Limit:		(Kbps, 0-102400, 0 means unlimited)
Upload Limit:		(Kbps, 0-102400, 0 means unlimited)
Apply		

8. Click **Apply** to add the new SSID.

3.1.2 Configure Advanced Wireless Parameters

Proper wireless parameters can improve the network's stability, reliability and communication efficiency. The advanced wireless parameters consist of **Beacon Interval**, **DTIM Period**, **RTS Threshold**, **Fragmentation Threshold** and **Airtime Fairness**.

To configure the advanced wireless parameters, follow the steps below.

1. Go to **Wireless Settings > Advanced Wireless Setting**.

The screenshot shows the 'Wireless Settings' page with the 'Advanced Wireless Setting' tab selected. The '2.4GHz' band is chosen. The configuration parameters are as follows:

Parameter	Value	Range/Notes
Beacon Interval:	100	ms(40-100)
DTIM Period:	1	(1-255)
RTS Threshold:	2347	(1-2347)
Fragmentation Threshold:	2346	(256-2346, works only in 11b/g mode)
Airtime Fairness:	☐ Enable	

An 'Apply' button is located at the bottom left of the configuration area.

2. Select the band frequency **2.4GHz** **5GHz**.

3. Configure the following parameters.

Beacon Interval Beacons are transmitted periodically by the EAP device to announce the presence of a wireless network for the clients. **Beacon Interval** value determines the time interval of the beacons sent by the device.

You can specify a value between 40 and 100ms. The default is 100ms.

DTIM Period The DTIM (Delivery Traffic Indication Message) is contained in some Beacon frames. It indicates whether the EAP device has buffered data for client devices. The **DTIM Period** indicates how often the clients served by this EAP device should check for buffered data still on the EAP device awaiting pickup.

You can specify the value between 1-255 Beacon Intervals. The default value is 1, indicating clients check for buffered data on the EAP device at every beacon. An excessive DTIM interval may reduce the performance of multicast applications, so we recommend you keep it by default.

RTS Threshold RTS (Request to Send) can ensure efficient data transmission. When RTS is activated, the client will send a RTS packet to EAP to inform that it will send data before it send packets. After receiving the RTS packet, the EAP notices other clients in the same wireless network to delay their transmitting of data and informs the requesting client to send data, thus avoiding the conflict of packet. If the size of packet is larger than the **RTS Threshold**, the RTS mechanism will be activated.

If you specify a low threshold value, RTS packets are sent more frequently and help the network recover from interference or collisions that might occur on a busy network. However, it also consumes more bandwidth and reduces the throughput of the packet. We recommend you keep it by default. The recommended and default value is 2347.

Fragmentation Threshold

The fragmentation function can limit the size of packets transmitted over the network. If a packet exceeds the **Fragmentation Threshold**, the fragmentation function is activated and the packet will be fragmented into several packets.

Fragmentation helps improve network performance if properly configured. However, too low fragmentation threshold may result in poor wireless performance caused by the extra work of dividing up and reassembling of frames and increased message traffic. The recommended and default value is 2346 bytes.

Airtime Fairness

With this option enabled, each client connecting to the EAP can get the same amount of time to transmit data, avoiding low-data-rate clients to occupy too much network bandwidth and improving the network throughput. We recommend you enable this function under multi-rate wireless networks.

4. Click **Apply** to save the configurations.

3.1.3 Configure Band Steering

A client device that is capable of communicating on both the 2.4GHz and 5GHz frequency bands will typically connect to the 2.4 GHz band. However, if too many client devices are connected to an EAP on the 2.4 GHz band, the efficiency of communication will be diminished. Band Steering can steer clients capable of communication on both bands to the 5GHz frequency band which supports higher transmission rates and more client devices, and thus to greatly improve the network quality.

To configure Band Steering, follow the steps below.

1. Go to **Wireless Settings > Band Steering**.

The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring wireless settings. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs: 'Wireless Settings' (highlighted with a red box), 'Wireless Control', 'System', and 'Admin'. Below the navigation bar, there is a sub-navigation bar with links: 'Basic Wireless Setting', 'Advanced Wireless Setting', and 'Band Steering' (highlighted with a red box). The main content area is titled 'Band Steering' and contains the following configuration options:

- Band Steering:** A checkbox that is currently unchecked.
- Connection Threshold:** A text input field containing the value '20', with a range '(2-40)' displayed to the right.
- Difference Threshold:** A text input field containing the value '4', with a range '(1-8)' displayed to the right.
- Max Failures:** A text input field containing the value '10', with a range '(0-100)' displayed to the right.

At the bottom left of the configuration area, there is a blue 'Apply' button.

2. Check the box to enable the Band Steering function.

3. Configure the following parameters to balance the clients on both frequency bands:

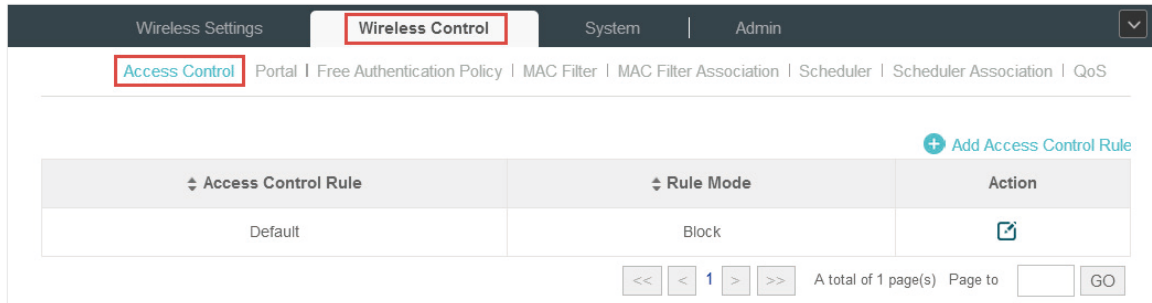
Connection Threshold/Difference Threshold	When the number of clients on the 5GHz band reaches the value of Connection Threshold and the difference value between the number of clients on the 2.4GHz band and the 5GHz band reaches the value of Difference Threshold, EAPs will refuse the requests of communication on the 5GHz band from other clients and no longer steer other clients to the 5GHz band. The value of Connection Threshold is from 2 to 40, and the default is 20. The value of Difference Threshold is from 1 to 8, and the default is 4.
Max Failures	If a client repeatedly attempts to associate with the EAP on the 5GHz band and the number of rejections reaches the value of Max Failures, the EAP will accept the request. The value is from 0 to 100, and the default is 10.

4. Click **Apply** to save the configurations.

3.2 Access Control

Access Control is used to block or allow the clients to access specific subnets. To configure Access Control rules, follow the steps below.

1. Go to **Wireless Control > Access Control**.



2. Click **+ Add Access Control Rule** to add a new Access Control rule.

Add Access Control Rule

Rule Name:

Rule Mode:

Block

Rule Members:

Subnets:

0.0.0.0/24

Add New

Except Subnets:

0.0.0.0/24

Add New

Apply

3. Configure the following parameters.

Rule Name	Specify a name for this rule.
Rule Mode	Select the mode for this rule. Block: Select this mode to block the rule members to access the network. Allow: Select this mode to allow the rule members to access the network.
Rule Memebers	Subnets: Clients of the subnet will be controlled by the rule. Enter the subnet for this rule in the format X.X.X.X/X and click Add New . Up to 16 subnets can be added. Except Subnets: Clients of the subnet will be controlled by the rule. Enter the subnet that does not follow this rule in the format X.X.X.X/X and click Add New . Up to 16 subnets can be added. The rule will not apply to the subnets that is in both the Subnets list and the Except Subnets list.

4. Click **Apply** to save the configurations.

5. Go to **Wireless Settings > Basic Wireless Setting** and enable Access Control function of a selected SSID.

3.3 Portal Authentication

Portal authentication enhances the network security by providing authentication service to the clients that just need temporary access to the wireless network. Such clients have to log into a web page to establish verification, after which they will access the network as guests. What's more, you can customize the authentication login page and specify a URL which the newly authenticated clients will be redirected to.

To configure Portal Authentication, go to **Wireless Control > Portal**.

Wireless Settings | **Wireless Control** | System | Admin

Access Control | **Portal** | Free Authentication Policy | MAC Filter | MAC Filter Association | Scheduler | Scheduler Association | QoS

Authentication Type: No Authentication

Authentication Timeout: 1 Hour

Redirect: ☐ Enable

Redirect URL:

[Login Page](#)

Portal Title: Welcome

Term of Use: By using it, you are agreeing to these Terms of Use.

Logo Image: Best aspect ratio 1:1; Size 100KB; [Choose](#) [Upload](#) [Restore](#)

Background Image: Best aspect ratio 3:5; Size 2MB ; [Choose](#) [Upload](#) [Restore](#)

Preview Login Page: [Preview Login Page](#)

[Apply](#)

Five different types of authentication methods are available: No Authentication, Simple Password, Hotspot, External Radius Server, and External Portal Server. Please refer to the following instructions to configure Portal.

3.3.1 No Authentication

When this option is selected, clients can access the network without any authentication and just need to accept the term of use.

Authentication Type: No Authentication

Authentication Timeout: 1 Hour

Redirect: ☐ Enable

Redirect URL:

[Login Page](#)

Portal Title: Welcome

Term of Use: By using it, you are agreeing to these Terms of Use.

Logo Image: Best aspect ratio 1:1; Size 100KB; [Choose](#) [Upload](#) [Restore](#)

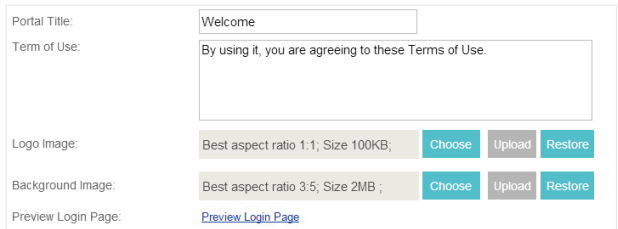
Background Image: Best aspect ratio 3:5; Size 2MB ; [Choose](#) [Upload](#) [Restore](#)

Preview Login Page: [Preview Login Page](#)

[Apply](#)

Configure the following parameters and provide the required information.

Authentication Type	Select No Authentication.
---------------------	---------------------------

Authentication Timeout	The client's authentication will expire after the time period you set and the client needs to log in the web authentication page again to access the network. Options include 1 Hour, 8 Hours, 24 Hours, 7 Days, Custom. Custom allows you to define the time in days, hours, and minutes. The default value is one hour.
Redirect	If you enable this function, the portal will redirect the newly authenticated clients to the configured URL. Disabled by default.
Redirect URL	If the Redirect function above is enabled, enter the URL that a newly authenticated client will be redirected to.
Login Page	Customize the login page:  1. Configure the title and terms of the login page in the Portal Title and Term of Use boxes. 2. Upload a logo image and a background image from your local PC. 3. Preview the login page.

3.3.2 Simple Password

When this option is selected, clients are required to enter the password and accept the term of use.

Authentication Type:
Simple Password

Password:

Authentication Timeout:
1 Hour

Redirect:
☐ Enable

Redirect URL:

Login Page

Portal Title:
Welcome

Term of Use:
By using it, you are agreeing to these Terms of Use.

Logo Image:
Best aspect ratio 1:1; Size 100KB;
Choose
Upload
Restore

Background Image:
Best aspect ratio 3:5; Size 2MB ;
Choose
Upload
Restore

Preview Login Page:
[Preview Login Page](#) ;

Apply

Configure the following parameters and provide the required information.

Authentication Type	Select Simple Password .
Password	Specify the password for the authentication.
Authentication Timeout	The client's authentication will expire after the time period you set and the client needs to log in the web authentication page again to access the network. Options include 1 Hour, 8 Hours, 24 Hours, 7 Days, Custom. Custom allows you to define the time in days, hours, and minutes. The default value is one hour.
Redirect	If you enable this function, the portal will redirect the newly authenticated clients to the configured URL. Disabled by default.
Redirect URL	If the Redirect function above is enabled, enter the URL that a newly authenticated client will be redirected to.
Login Page	Customize the login page: Portal Title: Term of Use: Welcome By using it, you are agreeing to these Terms of Use. Logo Image: Background Image: Best aspect ratio 1:1; Size 100KB; Best aspect ratio 3:5; Size 2MB ; Choose Upload Restore Choose Upload Restore Preview Login Page: Preview Login Page

1. Configure the title and terms of the login page in the **Portal Title** and **Term of Use** boxes.
2. Upload a logo image and a background image from your local PC.
3. Preview the login page.

3.3.3 Hotspot

With this feature, you can distribute the vouchers automatically generated by the EAP Controller to the clients, who can use the vouchers to access the network. In addition, the clients that access the network by hotspot authentication type can be managed by the hotspot manager.

Authentication Type:
Hotspot
Hotspot Manager
Redirect:
☐ Enable
Redirect URL:
Login Page
Portal Title:
Welcome
Term of Use:
By using it, you are agreeing to these Terms of Use.
Logo Image:
Best aspect ratio 1:1; Size 100KB;
Choose
Upload
Restore
Background Image:
Best aspect ratio 3:5; Size 2MB ;
Choose
Upload
Restore
Preview Login Page:
Preview Login Page

Apply

Configure the following parameters and provide the required information.

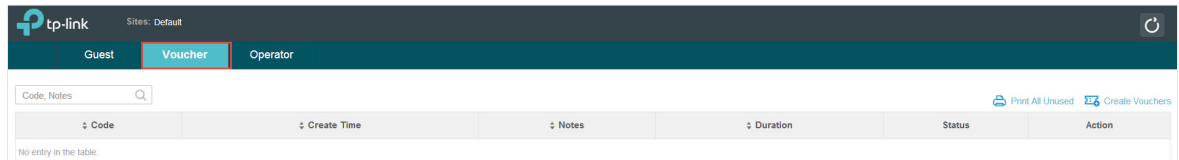
Authentication Type	Select Hotspot .
Hotspot Manager	Click Hotspot Manager to create vouchers and manage the hotspot authentication. For detailed instructions, please refer to the content below.
Redirect	Disabled by default. If you enable this function, the portal will redirect the newly authenticated clients to the configured URL.
Redirect URL	If the Redirect function above is enabled, enter the URL that a newly authenticated client will be redirected to.
Login Page	Customize the login page: Portal Title: Welcome Term of Use: By using it, you are agreeing to these Terms of Use. Logo Image: Best aspect ratio 1:1; Size 100KB; Choose Upload Restore Background Image: Best aspect ratio 3:5; Size 2MB ; Choose Upload Restore Preview Login Page: Preview Login Page 1. Configure the title and terms of the login page in the Portal Title and Term of Use boxes. 2. Upload a logo image and a background image from your local PC. 3. Preview the login page.

After you click **Hotspot Manager**, a new window will open automatically. On the page, you can create and print Vouchers, manage the guests and create the Operator account to help manage your network.

Create and Print Vouchers

Please follow these steps to create and print vouchers.

1. Go to the **Voucher** page.



2. Click  **Create Vouchers** and the following window will pop up.

3. Configure the parameters as follows:

Amount	Enter the voucher amount to be generated.
Type	Select Single Use or Multi Use. Single Use means one voucher can only be distributed to one client. Multi Use means one voucher can be distributed to several clients, who can use the same voucher to access the network at the same time. If you select Multi Use, enter the value of Max Users. When the number of clients who are connected to the network with the same voucher reaches the value, no more clients can use this voucher to access the network.
Duration	Select the period of validity of the Voucher. The options include 8 hours, 2 days and User-defined. The period of valid of the voucher is reckoned from the time when it is used for the first time.
Notes	Enter a description for the Voucher (optional).

4. Click **Apply**. The Vouchers will be generated and displayed on the page.

tp-link Sites: Default

Guest **Voucher** Operator

Code, Notes

Print All Unused Create Vouchers

Code	Create Time	Notes	Duration	Status	Action
12963-78540	2016-08-24 16:21:34	Vouchers for Guests	8h	Valid for single use	
77609-13805	2016-08-24 16:21:34	Vouchers for Guests	8h	Valid for single use	
44369-53874	2016-08-24 16:21:34	Vouchers for Guests	8h	Valid for single use	
52598-76416	2016-08-24 16:21:34	Vouchers for Guests	8h	Valid for single use	
81128-47113	2016-08-24 16:21:34	Vouchers for Guests	8h	Valid for single use	
26138-03379	2016-08-24 16:21:34	Vouchers for Guests	8h	Valid for single use	
76845-01374	2016-08-24 16:21:34	Vouchers for Guests	8h	Valid for single use	
13481-76945	2016-08-24 16:21:34	Vouchers for Guests	8h	Valid for single use	
68824-21756	2016-08-24 16:21:34	Vouchers for Guests	8h	Valid for single use	
73372-41777	2016-08-24 16:21:34	Vouchers for Guests	8h	Valid for single use	

Page Size 10

<< 1 2 >> A total of 2 page(s) Page to GO

5. Click or **Print All Unused** to print and save the Vouchers.

16-8-24 Voucher

Valid for 8h with single use 91103-68919	Valid for 8h with single use 96937-05920	Valid for 8h with single use 52388-70391
Valid for 8h with single use 06254-85170	Valid for 8h with single use 22391-32125	Valid for 8h with single use 98208-28398
Valid for 8h with single use 71205-46369	Valid for 8h with single use 61750-03535	Valid for 8h with single use 97451-01991
Valid for 8h with single use 68908-18705	Valid for 8h with single use 73372-41777	Valid for 8h with single use 68824-21756
Valid for 8h with single use 13481-76945	Valid for 8h with single use 76845-01374	Valid for 8h with single use 26138-03379
Valid for 8h with single use 81128-47113	Valid for 8h with single use 52598-76416	Valid for 8h with single use 44369-53874
Valid for 8h with single use 77609-13805	Valid for 8h with single use 12963-78540	

6. Distribute the Vouchers to clients, and then they can use the **Code** to pass authentication for network access.

7. When the Vouchers are invalid, you can click to delete the Voucher or to delete all of them.

Manage the Guests

Guest page allows you to view the information of clients that have passed the portal authentication and manage the clients.

tp-link Sites: Default

Guest Voucher Operator

MAC, SSID

MAC Address	SSID	WLAN Group	Radio	Authorized By	Download	Upload	Status	Action
No entry in the table.								

You can select an icon to execute the corresponding operation:



Restrict the client to access the network.



Extend the effective time.

Create Operator Account

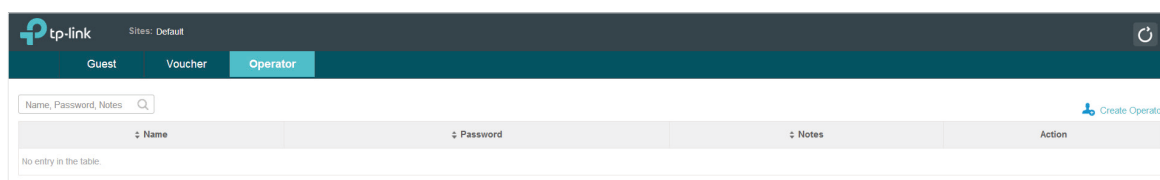
Operator account can be used to remotely manage the hotspot. Other users can visit the URL **https://EAP Controller Host's IP Address:8043/hotspot** (For example: https://192.168.0.64:8043/hotspot) and use the Operator account to enter the Hotspot administrative system.

Note:

The users who enter the hotspot administrative system by Operator account can only generate vouchers and manage the clients.

Follow the steps below to create Operator account.

1. Go to the **Operator** page.



2. Click  **Create Operator** and the following window will pop up.

Create Operator

Name: Operator1

Password: 123456

Notes: 123

Site Privileges: ☒ Default ☐ Office A

Apply

3. Specify the **Name**, **Password** and **Notes** of the Operator account.
4. Choose **Site Privileges** (You can choose more than one options) for the Operator account.
5. Click **Apply** to create an Operator account. Then other users can use this account to enter the hotspot administrative system.

3.3.4 External Radius Server

If you have a Radius Server, select External Radius Server. You can get two types of portal customization: Local Web Portal and External Web Portal. The authentication login page of Local Web Portal is provided by the built-in portal server of the EAP. The External Web Portal is provided by external portal server.

Authentication Type:	External Radius Server ▼
Radius Server IP:	
Port:	
Radius Password:	
Authentication Timeout:	1 Hour ▼
Redirect:	☐ Enable
Redirect URL:	
Portal Customization:	Local Web Portal ▼

[Login Page](#)

Portal Title:	Welcome
Term of Use:	By using it, you are agreeing to these Terms of Use.
Logo Image:	Best aspect ratio 1:1; Size 100KB; Choose Upload Restore
Background Image:	Best aspect ratio 3:5; Size 2MB ; Choose Upload Restore
Preview Login Page:	Preview Login Page

[Apply](#)

Configure the parameters and provide the required information as follows:

Authentication Type	Select External Radius Server .
Radius Server IP	Enter the IP address of Radius Server.
Port	Enter the port the Radius Server used.
Radius Password	Enter the password you have set on the Radius Server. Clients will be required to enter the password when they attempt to access the network.
Authentication Timeout	The client's authentication will expire after the time period you set and the client needs to log in the web authentication page again to access the network. Options include: 1 Hour, 8 Hours, 24 Hours, 7 Days, Custom. Custom allows you to define the time in days, hours, and minutes. The default is one hour.
Redirect	Disabled by default. If you enable this function, the portal will redirect the newly authenticated clients to the configured URL.
Redirect URL	If the Redirect function above is enabled, enter the URL that a newly authenticated client will be redirected to.

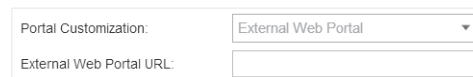
Portal Customization

Select Local Web Portal or External Web Portal.

Local Web Portal: If this option is selected, configure the Login Page.

External Web Portal: If this option is selected, follow the steps below.

1. Configure the external radius server.
2. Enter the authentication login page's URL provided by the external portal server on the page.



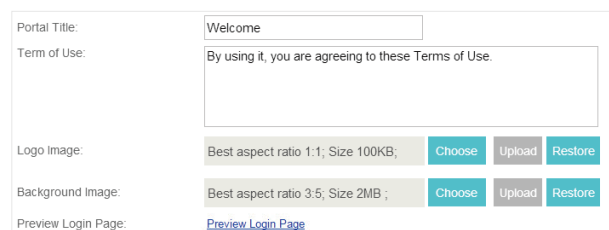
Portal Customization: External Web Portal

External Web Portal URL:

3. Put the external web portal server to a whitelist of [Free Authentication Policy](#), otherwise clients cannot access it before authenticated.

Login Page

If you select Local Web Portal, customize the login page:



Portal Title: Welcome

Term of Use: By using it, you are agreeing to these Terms of Use.

Logo Image: Best aspect ratio 1:1, Size 100KB; Choose Upload Restore

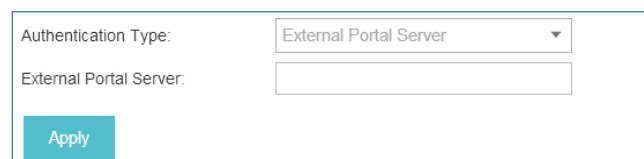
Background Image: Best aspect ratio 3:5, Size 2MB; Choose Upload Restore

Preview Login Page: [Preview Login Page](#)

1. Configure the title and terms of the login page in the **Portal Title** and **Term of Use** boxes.
2. Upload a logo image and a background image from your local PC.
3. Preview the login page.

3.3.5 External Portal Server

The option of External Portal Server is designed for the developers. They can customized their own authentication type according to the interface provided by EAP Controller, e.g. message authentication and WeChat authentication etc.



Authentication Type: External Portal Server

External Portal Server:

Apply

Authentication Type

Select **External Portal Server**.

Radius Server IP

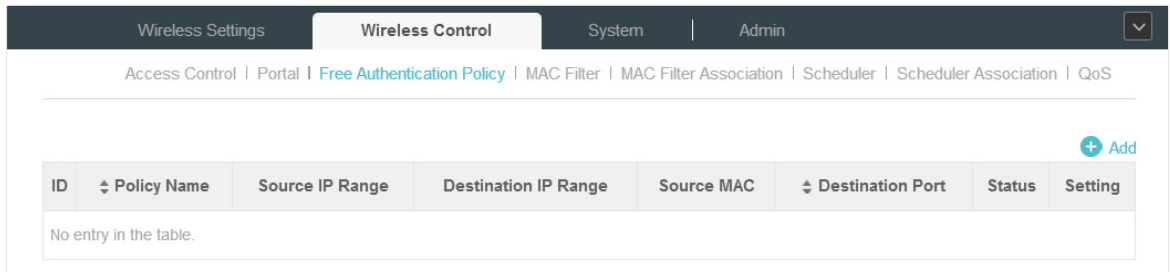
Enter the complete authentication URL that redirect to an external portal server, for example:

<http://192.168.0.147:8880/portal/index.php> or <http://192.168.0.147/portal/index.html>

3.4 Free Authentication Policy

Free Authentication Policy allows some specified clients to access the network resources without authentication. Follow the steps below to add free authentication policy.

1. Go to **Wireless Control > Free Authentication Policy**.



2. Click **+ Add** and the following window will pop up.

The 'Add Policy' dialog box contains the following fields and options:

- Policy Name: A text input field.
- Source IP Range: A text input field followed by a slash '/' and an optional input field labeled '(Optional)'.
- Destination IP Range: A text input field followed by a slash '/' and an optional input field labeled '(Optional)'.
- Source MAC: A text input field followed by '(Optional)'.
- Destination Port: A text input field followed by '(Optional)'.
- Status: A checkbox labeled 'Enable'.
- Apply: A blue button at the bottom left.

3. Configure the following parameters. When all conditions are met, the client can access the network without authentication.

Policy Name	Specify a name for the policy.
Source IP Range	Set the Source IP Range with the subnet and mask length of the clients.
Destination IP Range	Set the Destination IP Range with the subnet and mask length of the server.
Source MAC	Set the MAC address of client.
Destination Port	Enter the port the service uses.
Status	Check the box to enable the policy.

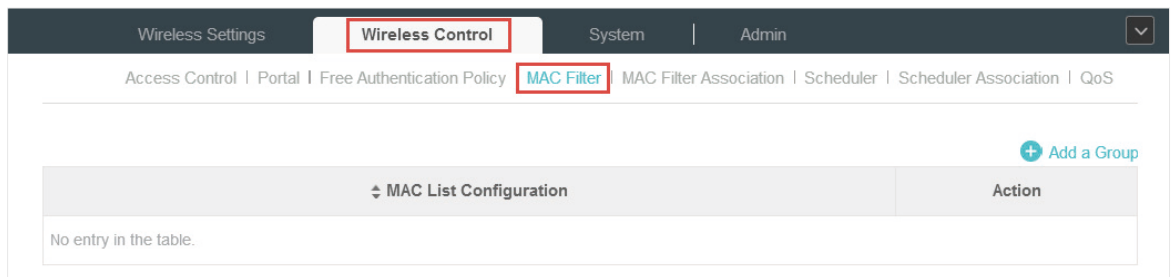
4. Click **Apply** and the policy is successfully added.

3.5 MAC Filter

MAC filter can be used to allow or block the listed clients to access the network. Thereby it can effectively control client's access to the wireless network.

Follow the steps below to configure MAC Filter.

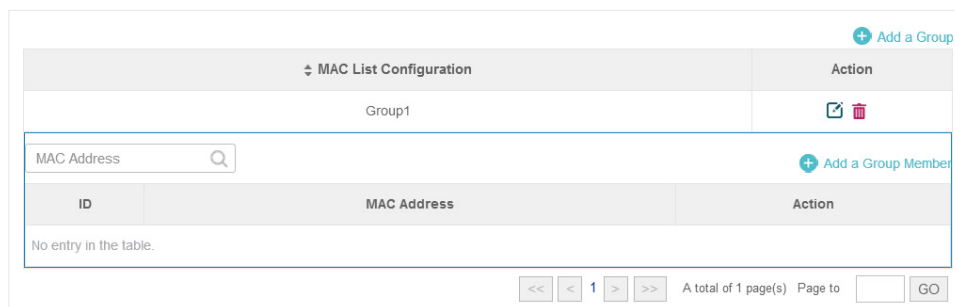
1. Go to **Wireless Control > MAC Filter** to add MAC Filter group and group members.



- 1) Click **+ Add a Group** and specify a name for the group.

The 'Add a Group' dialog box is shown. It has a title bar with a close button. Inside, there is a label 'MAC Filter Name:' followed by a text input field. Below the input field is a blue 'Apply' button.

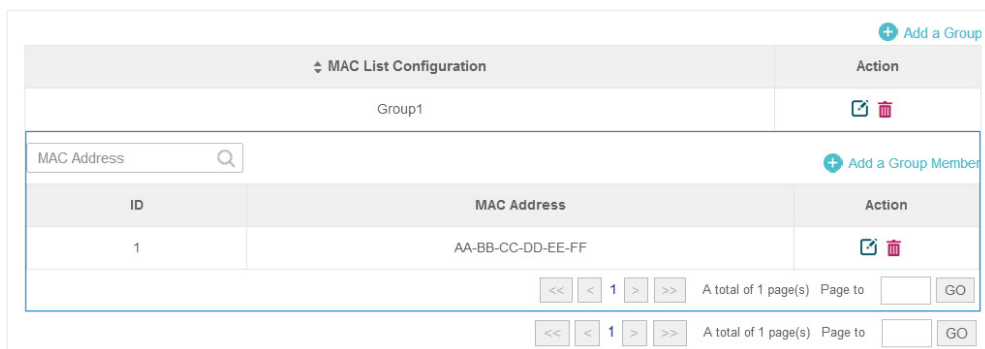
- 2) Click **Apply** and the group will be successfully added as shown below.



- 3) Click **+ Add a Group Member** and enter a MAC address in the format as shown below.

The 'Add a Group Member' dialog box is shown. It has a title bar with a close button. Inside, there is a label 'MAC Address:' followed by a text input field containing the value 'AA-BB-CC-DD-EE-FF'. Below the input field is a blue 'Apply' button.

- 4) Click **Apply** to add the MAC address into the MAC filter group.



2. You can add more groups or members according to your need.

3. Go to **Wireless Control > MAC Filter Association** to associate the added MAC Filter group with SSID.

The screenshot shows the 'MAC Filter Association' page under 'Wireless Control'. The 'MAC Filtering' checkbox is checked and labeled 'Enable'. There is an 'Apply' button. Below this, there are tabs for '2.4GHz', '5GHz', and 'Default', with '2.4GHz' selected. A table lists the associations:

ID	SSID Name	Band	MAC Filter Name	Action	Setting
1	SSID1	2.4GHz	Group1	Allow	Apply

At the bottom, there are navigation buttons: '<<', '<', '1', '>', '>>'. To the right, it says 'A total of 1 page(s) Page to' followed by a text input and a 'GO' button.

- 1) Check the box and click **Apply** to enable MAC Filtering function.
- 2) Select a band frequency (2.4GHz or 5GHz) and a WLAN group.
- 3) In the MAC Filter Name column of the specified SSID, select a MAC Filter group in the drop-down list. Then select **Allow/Deny** in the Action column to allow/deny the clients in the MAC Filter group to access the network.
- 4) Click **Apply** in the Setting column to save the configurations.

3.6 Scheduler

With the Scheduler, the EAPs or its' wireless network can automatically turn on or off at the time you set. For example, you can use this feature to schedule the radio to operate only during the office working time in order to achieve security goals and reduce power consumption. You can also use the Scheduler to make clients can only access the wireless network during the time period you set in the day.

Follow the steps below to configure Scheduler.

1. Go to **Wireless Control > Scheduler**.

The screenshot shows the 'Scheduler' page under 'Wireless Control'. There is a '+ Add a Profile' button. Below it is a table with two columns: 'Profile Configuration' and 'Action'. The table is currently empty, with the text 'No entry in the table.' displayed.

- 1) Click **+ Add a Profile** and specify a name for the profile.

Add a Profile

Profile Name:

2) Click **Apply** and the profile will be added.

+ Add a Profile

Profile Configuration				Action
Profile1				Edit Delete

+ Add an Item

ID	Day of Week	Start Time	End Time	Action
No entry in the table.				

<< < 1 > >> A total of 1 page(s) Page to

3) Click **+ Add an Item** and configure the parameters to specify a period of time.

Add an Item

Day Mode:
☒ Weekday
☐ Weekend
☐ Everyday
☐ Custom

☒ Mon
☒ Tue
☒ Wed
☒ Thu
☒ Fri
☐ Sat
☐ Sun

Time:
☐ all day-24 hours

Start Time:
 :

End Time:
 :

4) Click **Apply** and the profile is successfully added in the list.

2. Go to **Wireless Control > Scheduler Association**.

Wireless Settings
Wireless Control
System
Admin

Access Control | Portal | Free Authentication Policy | MAC Filter | MAC Filter Association | Scheduler | Scheduler Association | QoS

Scheduler:
☒ Enable

Association Mode:
Associated with SSID

2.4GHz
5GHz
Default

ID	SSID Name	Band	Profile Name	Action	Setting
1	SSID1	2.4GHz	Profile1	Radio On	Apply

<< < 1 > >> A total of 1 page(s) Page to

1) Check the box to enable Scheduler function.

2) Select **Associated with SSID** (the profile will be applied to the specific SSID on all the EAPs) or **Associated with AP** (the profile will be applied to all SSIDs on the specific EAP). Then click **Apply**.

- 3) Select a band frequency (2.GHz or 5GHz) and a WLAN group.
- 4) In the Profile Name column of the specified SSID or AP, select a profile you added before in the drop-down list. Select **Radio Off/Radio On** to turn on or off the wireless network during the time interval set for the profile.
- 5) Click **Apply** in the Setting column to save the configurations.

3.7 QoS

The EAP Controller software allows you to configure the quality of service (QoS) on the EAP device for optimal throughput and performance when handling differentiated wireless traffic, such as Voice-over-IP (VoIP), other types of audio, video, streaming media, and traditional IP data.

To configure QoS on the EAP device, you should set parameters on the transmission queues for different types of wireless traffic and specify minimum and maximum wait times (through contention windows) for transmission. In normal use, we recommend you keep the default values for the EAP devices and station EDCA (Enhanced Distributed Channel Access).

Follow the steps below to configure QoS.

1. Go to **Wireless Control > QoS**.

The screenshot displays the 'Wireless Control' tab with the 'QoS' sub-tab selected. The interface includes a top navigation bar with 'Wireless Settings', 'Wireless Control', 'System', and 'Admin'. Below this is a breadcrumb trail: 'Access Control | Portal | Free Authentication Policy | MAC Filter | MAC Filter Association | Scheduler | Scheduler Association | QoS'. The main content area features two tabs for '2.4GHz' and '5GHz'. Under the '2.4GHz' tab, there are three settings: 'Restore to Default Values' with a 'Restore' button, 'Wi-Fi Multimedia(WMM)' with a checked 'Enable' checkbox, 'No Acknowledgement' with an unchecked 'Enable' checkbox, and 'Unscheduled Automatic Power Save Delivery' with a checked 'Enable' checkbox. Below these are two expandable sections: 'AP EDCA Parameters' and 'Station EDCA Parameters', each with a downward arrow icon. At the bottom left of the main content area is an 'Apply' button.

2. Enable or disable the following features.

Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM)	By default enabled. With WMM enabled, the EAP devices have the QoS function to guarantee the high priority of the transmission of audio and video packets. If 802.11n only mode is selected in 2.4GHz (or 802.11n only, 802.11ac only, or 802.11 n/ac mixed mode in 5GHz), the WMM should be enabled. If WMM is disabled, the 802.11n only mode cannot be selected in 2.4GHz (or 802.11n only, 802.11ac only, or 802.11 n/ac mixed mode in 5GHz).
NoAcknowledgement	By default disabled. You can enable this function to specify that the EAP devices should not acknowledge frames with QoSNoAck. NoAcknowledgement is recommended if VoIP phones access the network through the EAP device.
Unscheduled Automatic Power Save Delivery	By default enabled. As a power management method, it can greatly improve the energy-saving capacity of clients.

3. Click **AP EDCA Parameters** and the following page will appear. AP EDCA parameters affect traffic flowing from the EAP device to the client station. We recommend you use the defaults.

AP EDCA Parameters:				
Queue	Arbitration Inter-Frame Space	Minimum Contention Window	Maximum Contention Window	Maximum Burst
Data 0(Voice)	1	3	7	1504
Data 1(Video)	1	7	15	3008
Data 2(Best Effort)	3	15	63	0
Data 3(Background)	7	15	1023	0

Queue

Queue displays the transmission queue. By default, the priority from high to low is Data 0, Data 1, Data 2, and Data 3. The priority may be changed if you reset the EDCA parameters.

Data 0 (Voice)—Highest priority queue, minimum delay. Time-sensitive data such as VoIP and streaming media are automatically sent to this queue.

Data 1 (Video)—High priority queue, minimum delay. Time-sensitive video data is automatically sent to this queue.

Data 2 (Best Effort)—Medium priority queue, medium throughput and delay. Most traditional IP data is sent to this queue.

Data 3 (Background)—Lowest priority queue, high throughput. Bulk data that requires maximum throughput and is not time-sensitive is sent to this queue (FTP data, for example).

Arbitration Inter-Frame Space

A wait time for data frames. The wait time is measured in slots. Valid values for **Arbitration Inter-Frame Space** are from 0 to 15.

Minimum Contention Window

A list to the algorithm that determines the initial random backoff wait time (window) for retry of a transmission.

This value can not be higher than the value for the **Maximum Contention Window**.

Maximum Contention Window

The upper limit (in milliseconds) for the doubling of the random backoff value. This doubling continues until either the data frame is sent or the Maximum Contention Window size is reached.

This value must be higher than the value for the **Minimum Contention Window**.

Maximum Burst

Maximum Burst specifies the maximum burst length allowed for packet bursts on the wireless network. A packet burst is a collection of multiple frames transmitted without header information. The decreased overhead results in higher throughput and better performance.

4. Click **Station EDCA Parameters** and the following page will appear. Station EDCA parameters affect traffic flowing from the client station to the EAP device. We recommend you use the defaults.

Station EDCA Parameters:				
Queue	Arbitration Inter-Frame Space	Minimum Contention Window	Maximum Contention Window	TXOP Limit
Data 0(Voice)	2	3	7	1504
Data 1(Video)	2	7	15	3008
Data 2(Best Effort)	3	15	1023	0
Data 3(Background)	7	15	1023	0

Queue

Queue displays the transmission queue. By default, the priority from high to low is Data 0, Data 1, Data 2, and Data 3. The priority may be changed if you reset the EDCA parameters.

Data 0 (Voice)—Highest priority queue, minimum delay. Time-sensitive data such as VoIP and streaming media are automatically sent to this queue.

Data 1 (Video)—High priority queue, minimum delay. Time-sensitive video data is automatically sent to this queue.

Data 2 (Best Effort)—Medium priority queue, medium throughput and delay. Most traditional IP data is sent to this queue.

Data 3 (Background)—Lowest priority queue, high throughput. Bulk data that requires maximum throughput and is not time-sensitive is sent to this queue (FTP data, for example).

Arbitration Inter-Frame Space

A wait time for data frames. The wait time is measured in slots. Valid values for **Arbitration Inter-Frame Space** are from 0 to 15.

Minimum Contention Window

A list to the algorithm that determines the initial random backoff wait time (window) for retry of a transmission. This value can not be higher than the value for the **Maximum Contention Window**.

Maximum Contention Window

The upper limit (in milliseconds) for the doubling of the random backoff value. This doubling continues until either the data frame is sent or the Maximum Contention Window size is reached.

This value must be higher than the value for the **Minimum Contention Window**.

TXOP Limit

The **TXOP Limit** is a station EDCA parameter and only applies to traffic flowing from the client station to the EAP device. The Transmission Opportunity (TXOP) is an interval of time, in milliseconds, when a WME client station has the right to initiate transmissions onto the wireless medium (WM) towards the EAP device. The valid values are multiples of 32 between 0 and 8192.

5. Click **Apply** to save the configurations.

3.8 System

3.8.1 Reboot Schedule

You can reboot all the EAPs in the network periodically as needed. Follow the steps below to configure Reboot Schedule.

1. Go to **System > Reboot Schedule**.

The screenshot shows the 'System' menu with 'Reboot Schedule' highlighted. The configuration options are: 'Enable' (unchecked checkbox), 'Timing Mode' (dropdown menu set to 'Daily'), and 'Reboot Time' (three dropdown menus set to '00 : 00 : 00'). An 'Apply' button is at the bottom.

2. Check the box to enable the function.
3. Choose **Daily**, **Weekly** or **Monthly** in the **Timing Mode** drop-down list and set a specific time to reboot the EAPs.
4. Click **Apply** to save the configurations.

3.8.2 Log Setting

Follow the steps below to choose the way to receive system logs.

1. Go to **System > Log Setting**.

The screenshot shows the 'System' menu with 'Log Setting' highlighted. The configuration options are: 'Auto Mail Feature' (unchecked checkbox), 'Enable Server' (unchecked checkbox), and 'Enable Nvram' (unchecked checkbox). An 'Apply' button is at the bottom.

2. Check the box to choose the way to receive system logs (you can choose more than one) and

click **Apply** to save the configurations. Three ways are available: **Auto Mail Feature**, **Server** and **Nvram**.

Auto Mail Feature

If Auto Mail Feature is enabled, system logs will be sent to a specified mailbox. Check the box to enable the feature and configure the parameters.

☒ **Auto Mail Feature**

From Address:

To Address:

SMTP Server:

☐ Enable Authentication

Username:

Password:

Confirm Password:

Time Mode:

☒ Fixation Time ☐ Period Time

Fixation Time:

00

:

00

(HH:MM)

From Address	Enter the sender's E-mail address.
To Address	Enter the receiver's E-mail address.
SMTP Server	Enter the IP address of the SMTP server.
Enable Authentication	You can check the box to enable mail server authentication. Enter the sender's mail account name and password.
Time Mode	Select Time Mode. System logs can be sent at specific time or time interval.
Fixation Time	If you select Fixation Time, specify a fixed time to send the system log mails. For example, 08:30 indicates that the mail will be sent at 8:30 am everyday. Time Mode: ☒ Fixation Time ☐ Period Time Fixation Time: 00 : 00 (HH:MM)
Period Time	If you select Period Time, specify a period time to regularly send the system log mail. For example, 6 indicates that the mail will be sent every six hours. Time Mode: ☐ Fixation Time ☒ Period Time Period Time: Hours(1-24)

Server

If Server is enabled, system logs will be sent to a server. You can enable the feature and enter its IP address and port.

☒ **Enable Server**

System Log Server IP:

0.0.0.0

System Log Server Port:

514

Nvram

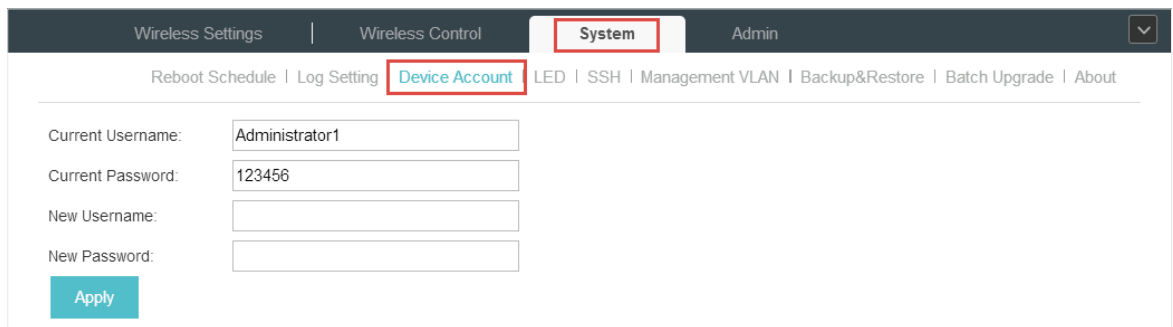
Nvram (Non-volatile Random Access Memory) is a RAM that can still save data even if a device is power off. All TP-Link EAPs are equipped with Nvram. With this option enabled, the Nvram feature can help reserve the system logs when an EAP device is power off.

3.8.3 Device Account

When the EAP devices are adopted at the first time, their username and password will become the same as those of the EAP Controller which are specified at Basic Configurations. You can specify a new username and password for the adopted EAPs in batches.

Follow the steps below to change EAP devices' username and password.

1. Go to **System > Device Account**.



Wireless Settings | Wireless Control | **System** | Admin

Reboot Schedule | Log Setting | **Device Account** | LED | SSH | Management VLAN | Backup&Restore | Batch Upgrade | About

Current Username: Administrator1

Current Password: 123456

New Username:

New Password:

Apply

2. Specify a new username and password for the EAP devices.

3. Click **Apply** to save the configurations.

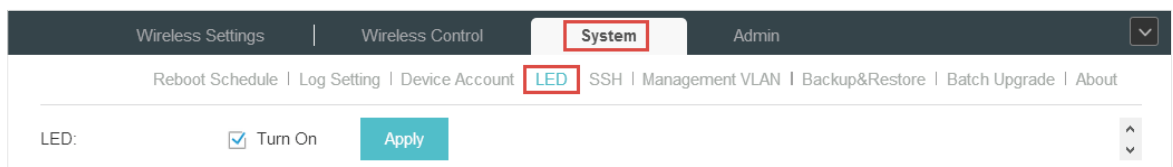
Note::

The new account will be applied to EAP devices but not the EAP Controller. To change the EAP Controller's username and password, please refer to [User Account](#).

3.8.4 LED

Follow the steps below to turn on or off the LED lights of the EAPs.

1. Go to **System > LED**.



Wireless Settings | Wireless Control | **System** | Admin

Reboot Schedule | Log Setting | Device Account | **LED** | SSH | Management VLAN | Backup&Restore | Batch Upgrade | About

LED: ☒ Turn On

Apply

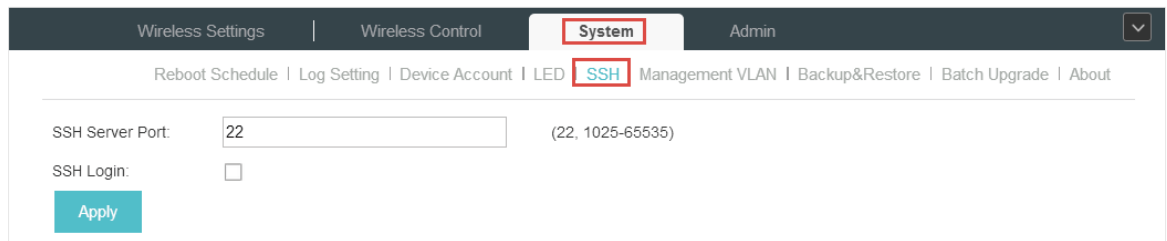
2. By default, the LED lights are on. You can check the box to change the light status.

3. Click **Apply** to save the configurations.

3.8.5 SSH

You can login to the EAP Controller via SSH. Deploy an SSH server on your network and follow the steps below to configure SSH on the EAP Controller:

1. Go to **System > SSH**.



The screenshot shows the configuration page for SSH. The top navigation bar has tabs for 'Wireless Settings', 'Wireless Control', 'System', and 'Admin'. The 'System' tab is selected. Below the navigation bar, there is a sub-menu with links: 'Reboot Schedule', 'Log Setting', 'Device Account', 'LED', 'SSH', 'Management VLAN', 'Backup&Restore', 'Batch Upgrade', and 'About'. The 'SSH' link is highlighted. The main content area contains the following fields:

- SSH Server Port:** A text input field with the value '22'. To its right, the range '(22, 1025-65535)' is displayed.
- SSH Login:** A checkbox that is currently unchecked.
- Apply:** A blue button to save the configuration.

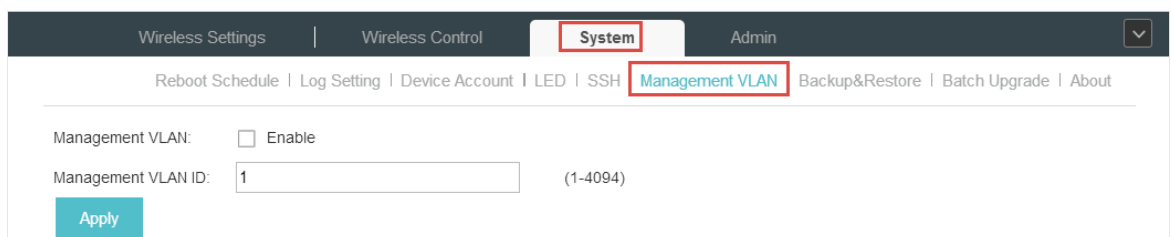
2. Enter the port number of the SSH server.
3. Check the box to enable SSH Login.
4. Click **Apply**.

3.8.6 Management VLAN

Management VLAN provides a safer way for you to manage the EAP. With Management VLAN enabled, only the hosts in the management VLAN can manage the EAP. Since most hosts cannot process VLAN TAGs, connect the management host to the network via a switch, and set up correct VLAN settings for the switches on the network to ensure the communication between the host and the EAP in the management VLAN.

Follow the steps below to configure Management VLAN.

1. Go to **System > Management VLAN**.



The screenshot shows the configuration page for Management VLAN. The top navigation bar has tabs for 'Wireless Settings', 'Wireless Control', 'System', and 'Admin'. The 'System' tab is selected. Below the navigation bar, there is a sub-menu with links: 'Reboot Schedule', 'Log Setting', 'Device Account', 'LED', 'SSH', 'Management VLAN', 'Backup&Restore', 'Batch Upgrade', and 'About'. The 'Management VLAN' link is highlighted. The main content area contains the following fields:

- Management VLAN:** A checkbox labeled 'Enable' that is currently unchecked.
- Management VLAN ID:** A text input field with the value '1'. To its right, the range '(1-4094)' is displayed.
- Apply:** A blue button to save the configuration.

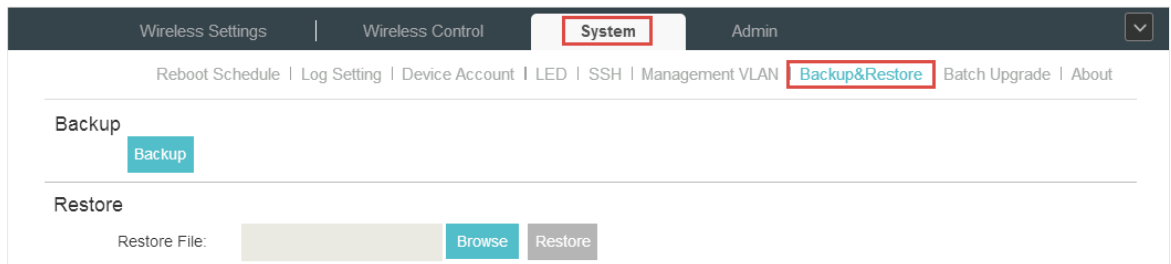
2. Check the box to enable Management VLAN.
3. Specify the Management VLAN ID.
4. Click **Apply**.

3.8.7 Backup&Restore

You can save the current configuration of the EAPs as a backup file and if necessary, and restore the configuration using the backup file. We recommend you back up the settings before upgrading the device.

Follow the steps below to backup and restore the configuration.

1. Go to **System > Backup&Restore**.



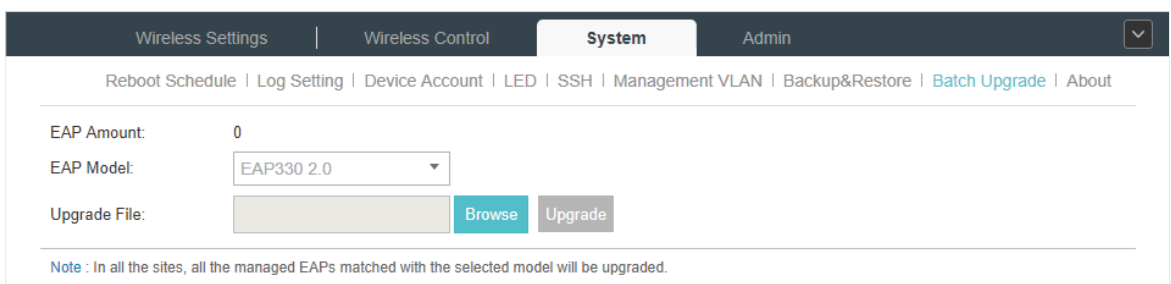
The screenshot shows the 'System' menu with 'Backup&Restore' highlighted. The page has two main sections: 'Backup' and 'Restore'. The 'Backup' section has a 'Backup' button. The 'Restore' section has a 'Restore File:' label, a text input field, a 'Browse' button, and a 'Restore' button.

2. Click **Backup** and save the backup file.
3. If necessary, click **Browse** to locate and choose the backup file. Then click **Restore** to restore the configuration.

3.8.8 Batch Upgrade

Follow the steps below to upgrade the EAP devices in batches according to their model.

1. Visit <http://www.tp-link.com/en/support/download/> to download the latest firmware file of the corresponding model.
2. Go to **System > Batch Upgrade**.



The screenshot shows the 'System' menu with 'Batch Upgrade' highlighted. The page has three main sections: 'EAP Amount' with a value of 0, 'EAP Model' with a dropdown menu showing 'EAP330 2.0', and 'Upgrade File' with a text input field, a 'Browse' button, and an 'Upgrade' button. A note at the bottom states: 'Note : In all the sites, all the managed EAPs matched with the selected model will be upgraded.'

3. Select the EAP model.
4. Click **Browse** to locate and choose the proper firmware file for the model.
5. Click **Upgrade** to upgrade the device.
6. After upgrading, the device will reboot automatically.

Note::

To avoid damage, please do not turn off the device while upgrading.

4 Configure the EAPs Separately

In addition to global configuration, you can configure the EAPs separately and the configuration results will be applied to a specified EAP device.

To configure a specified EAP, please click the EAP's name on the **Access Points** tab or click  of connected EAP on the map. Then you can view the EAP's detailed information and configure the EAP on the pop-up window.

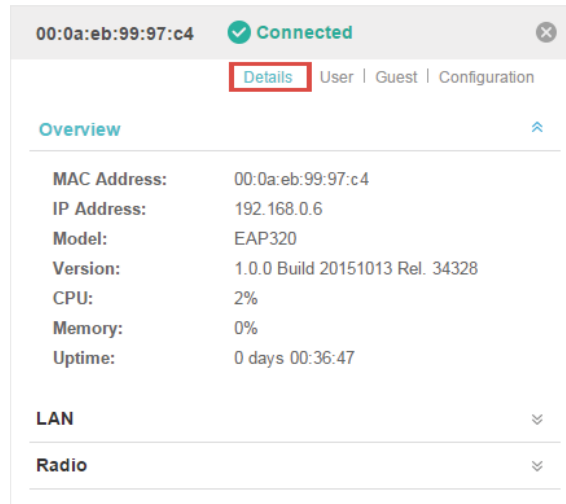
This chapter includes the following contents:

- *View the Information of the EAP*
- *View Clients Connecting to the EAP*
- *Configure the EAP*

4.1 View the Information of the EAP

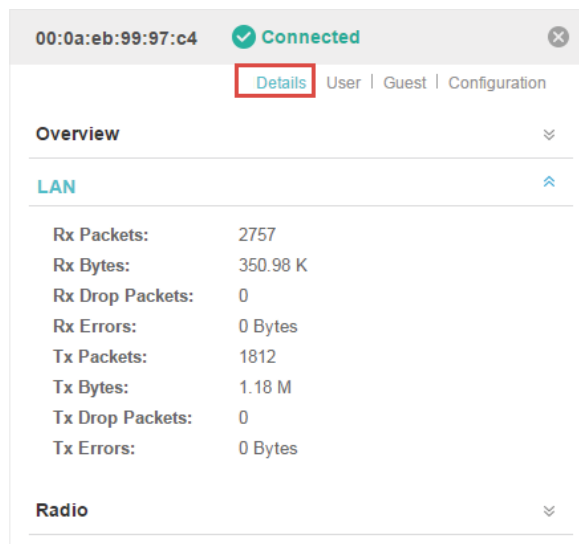
4.1.1 Overview

Click **Overview** to view the basic information including EAP's MAC address (or name you set), IP address, model, firmware version, the usage rate of CPU and Memory and uptime (indicates how long the EAP has been running without interruption).



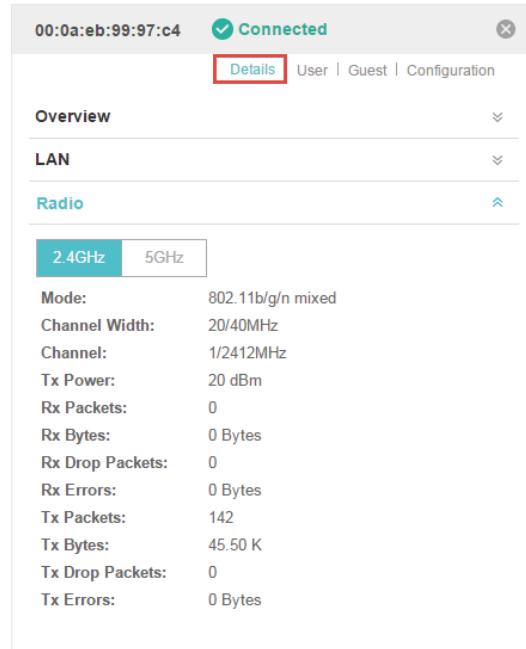
4.1.2 LAN

Click **LAN** to view the traffic information of the LAN port, including the total number of packets, the total size of data, the total number of packets loss, and the total size of error data in the process of receiving and transmitting data.



4.1.3 Radio

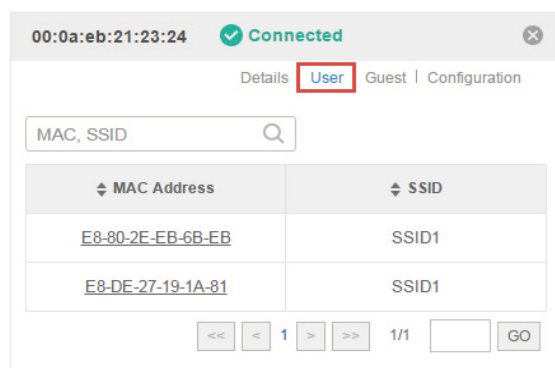
Click **Radio** to view the radio information including the frequency band, the wireless mode, the channel width, the channel, and the transmitting power. At 2.4GHz, you can also view parameters of receiving/transmitting data.



4.2 View Clients Connecting to the EAP

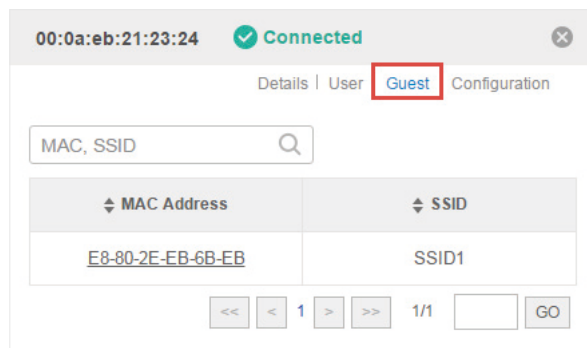
4.2.1 User

The **User** page displays the information of clients connecting to the SSID with Portal disabled, including their MAC addresses and connected SSIDs. You can click the client's MAC address to get its connection history.



4.2.2 Guest

The **Guest** page displays the information of clients connecting to the SSID with Portal enabled, including their MAC addresses and connected SSIDs. You can click the client's MAC address to get its connection history.

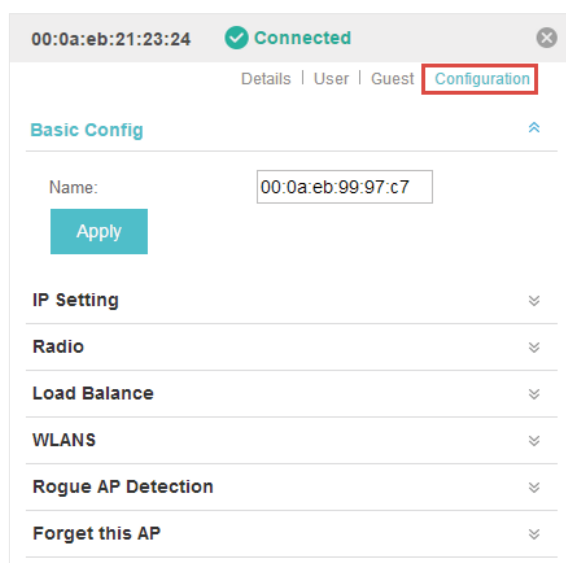


The screenshot shows a web interface for a client with MAC address 00:0a:eb:21:23:24, which is 'Connected'. The interface has tabs for 'Details', 'User', 'Guest', and 'Configuration'. The 'Guest' tab is selected and highlighted with a red box. Below the tabs is a search bar labeled 'MAC, SSID'. A table displays client information with columns for 'MAC Address' and 'SSID'. The first row shows the MAC address 'E8-80-2E-EB-6B-EB' and the SSID 'SSID1'. At the bottom, there are pagination controls showing '1' of '1' items and a 'GO' button.

MAC Address	SSID
E8-80-2E-EB-6B-EB	SSID1

4.3 Configure the EAP

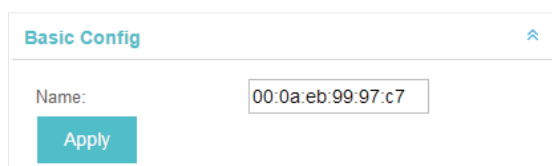
The **Configuration** page allows you to configure the EAP. All the configurations will only take effect on this device.



The screenshot shows the 'Configuration' page for the same client. The 'Configuration' tab is selected and highlighted with a red box. The page is divided into sections: 'Basic Config', 'IP Setting', 'Radio', 'Load Balance', 'WLANS', 'Rogue AP Detection', and 'Forget this AP'. The 'Basic Config' section is expanded, showing a 'Name' field with the value '00:0a:eb:99:97:c7' and an 'Apply' button. The other sections are collapsed.

4.3.1 Basic Config

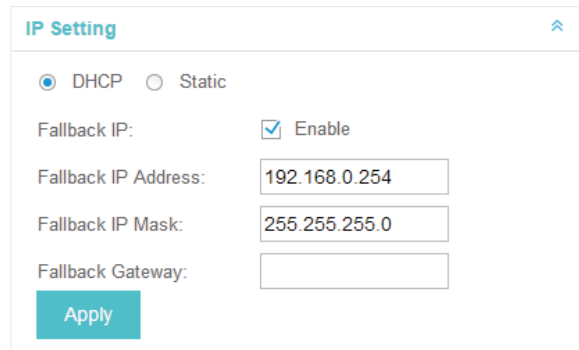
Here you can change the name of the EAP.



This screenshot is a close-up of the 'Basic Config' section from the previous image. It shows the 'Name' field containing '00:0a:eb:99:97:c7' and the 'Apply' button.

4.3.2 IP Setting

You can configure an IP address for this EAP. Two options are provided: DHCP and Static.



The IP Setting window has a title bar with 'IP Setting' and a close button. It contains two radio buttons: 'DHCP' (selected) and 'Static'. Below these are four fields: 'Fallback IP:' with a checked 'Enable' checkbox, 'Fallback IP Address:' with the value '192.168.0.254', 'Fallback IP Mask:' with the value '255.255.255.0', and 'Fallback Gateway:' which is empty. An 'Apply' button is at the bottom left.

Get a Dynamic IP Address From the DHCP Server

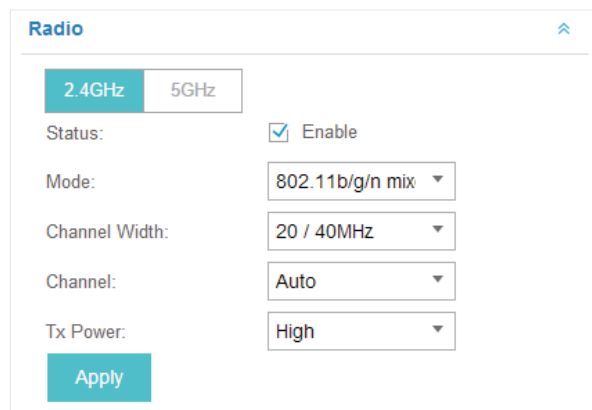
1. Configure your DHCP server.
2. Select **DHCP** on the page above.
3. Enable the Fallback IP feature. When the device cannot get a dynamic IP address, the fallback IP address will be used.
4. Set IP address, IP mask and gateway for the fallback address and click **Apply**.

Manually Set a Static IP Address for the EAP

1. Select **Static**.
2. Set the IP address, IP mask and gateway for the static address and click **Apply**.

4.3.3 Radio

Radio settings directly control the behavior of the radio in the EAP device and its interaction with the physical medium; that is, how and what type of signal the EAP device emits.



The Radio window has a title bar with 'Radio' and a close button. It features two tabs: '2.4GHz' (selected) and '5GHz'. Below the tabs are several settings: 'Status:' with a checked 'Enable' checkbox, 'Mode:' with a dropdown menu showing '802.11b/g/n mix', 'Channel Width:' with a dropdown menu showing '20 / 40MHz', 'Channel:' with a dropdown menu showing 'Auto', and 'Tx Power:' with a dropdown menu showing 'High'. An 'Apply' button is at the bottom left.

Select the frequency band (2.4GHz/5GHz) and configure the following parameters.

Status	Enabled by default. If you disable the option, the radio on the frequency band will turn off.
Mode	Select the IEEE 802.11 mode the radio uses. When the frequency of 2.4GHz is selected, 802.11b/g/n mixed, 802.11b/g mixed, and 802.11n only modes are available: 802.11b/g/n mixed: All of 802.11b, 802.11g, and 802.11n clients operating in the 2.4GHz frequency can connect to the EAP device. We recommend you select the 802.11b/g/n mixed mode. 802.11b/g mixed: Both 802.11b and 802.11g clients can connect to the EAP device. 802.11n only: Only 802.11n clients can connect to the EAP device. When the frequency of 5GHz is selected, 802.11 n/ac mixed, 802.11a/n mixed, 802.11 ac only, 802.11a only, and 802.11n only modes are available: 802.11n/ac mixed: Both 802.11n clients and 802.11ac clients operating in the 5GHz frequency can connect to the EAP device. 802.11a/n mixed: Both 802.11a clients and 802.11n clients operating in the 5GHz frequency can connect to the EAP device. 802.11ac only: Only 802.11ac clients can connect to the EAP device. 802.11a only: Only 802.11a clients can connect to the EAP device. 802.11n only: Only 802.11n clients can connect to the EAP device.
Channel Width	Select the channel width of the EAP device. For EAP 110/120/220, the options includes 20MHz, 40MHz and 20/40MHz. For EAP 320/330, the options includes 20MHz, 40MHz, 80MHz and 20/40/80MHz. The 20/40 MHz and 20/40/80MHz channels enable higher data rates but leave fewer channels available for use by other 2.4GHz and 5GHz devices. When the radio mode includes 802.11n, we recommend you set the channel bandwidth to 20/40 MHz or 20/40/80MHz to improve the transmission speed.
Channel	Select the channel used by the EAP device to improve wireless performance. The range of available channels is determined by the radio mode and the country setting. If you select Auto for the channel setting, the EAP device scans available channels and selects a channel where the least amount of traffic is detected.
Tx Power	Select the TX Power (transmit power) in the 4 options: Low, Medium, High and Custom. Low, Medium and High are based on the Max TxPower (maximum transmit power. It may vary among different countries and regions). Low: Max TxPower * 20% (round off the value) Medium: Max TxPower * 60% (round off the value) High: Max TxPower Custom: Enter a value manually.

4.3.4 Load Balance

By setting the maximum number of clients accessing the EAPs, Load Balance helps to achieve rational use of network resources.

Load Balance

2.4GHz5GHz

Max Associated Clients:

☐ Enable

1

(1-99)

RSSI Threshold:

☐

0

(-95-0 dBm)

Apply

Select the frequency band (2.4GHz/5GHz) and configure the parameters.

Max Associated Clients	Enable this function and specify the maximum number of connected clients. While more clients requesting to connect, the EAP will disconnect those with weaker signals.
RSSI Threshold	Enable this function and enter the threshold of RSSI (Received Signal Strength Indication). When the clients' signal is weaker than the RSSI Threshold you've set, the clients will be disconnected from the EAP.

4.3.5 WLANs

You can specify a different SSID name and password to override the previous SSID. After that, clients can only see the new SSID and use the new password to access the network. Follow the steps below to override the SSID.

WLANs

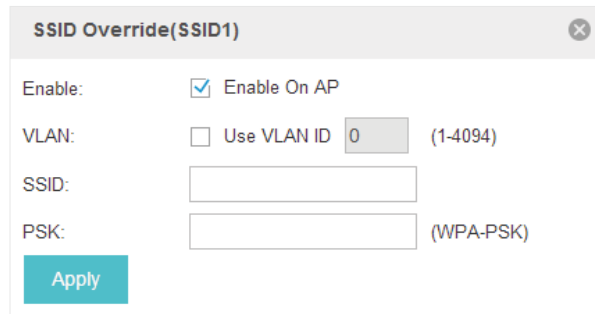
2.4GHz5GHz

WLAN Group

Default

Name	Overrides	Action
SSID1		

1. Select the frequency band and WLAN group.
2. Click and the following window will pop up.



SSID Override(SSID1)

Enable: ☒ Enable On AP

VLAN: ☐ Use VLAN ID (1-4094)

SSID:

PSK: (WPA-PSK)

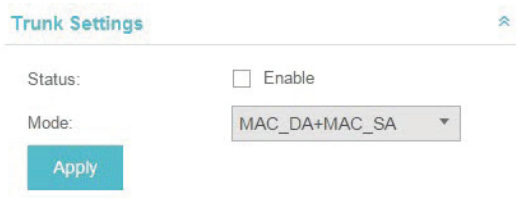
Apply

3. Check the box to enable the feature.
4. You can join the overridden SSID in to a VLAN. Check the **Use VLAN ID** box and specify a VLAN ID.
5. Specify a new name and password for the SSID.
6. Click **Apply** to save the configuration.

4.3.6 Trunk Settings

Only EAP330 supports this function.

The trunk function can bundles multiple Ethernet links into a logical link to increase bandwidth and improve network reliability.



Trunk Settings

Status: ☐ Enable

Mode:

Apply

Status	Enable this function. The EAP330 has two 1000Mbps Ethernet ports. If the Trunk function is enabled and the ports are in the speed of 1000Mbps Full Duplex, the whole bandwidth of the trunk link is up to 4Gbps (2000Mbps * 2).
Mode	Select the applied mode of Trunk Arithmetic. • SRC MAC + DST MAC: When this option is selected, the arithmetic will be based on the source and destination MAC addresses of the packets. • DST MAC: When this option is selected, the arithmetic will be based on the destination MAC addresses of the packets. • SRC MAC: When this option is selected, the arithmetic will be based on the source MAC addresses of the packets.

4.3.7 Rouge AP Detection

With this option enabled, the EAP device will detect rouge APs in all channels.

Rogue AP Detection 

Rogue Status: ☐ Enable ☒ Disable

Apply

4.3.8 Forget this AP

If you no longer want to manage this EAP, you may remove it. All the configurations and history about this EAP will be deleted. It is recommended to back up the configurations of this EAP before you forget it.

Forget this AP 

If you no longer wish to manage this AP, you may remove it. Note that all configurations and history with respect to this AP will be lost.

Forget

4.3.9 Local LAN Port VLAN Settings

Only EAP115-Wall supports this function.

This feature is used to add the EAP to a specific VLAN. With this feature enabled, the hosts connected to this EAP can only communicate with the devices in the same VLAN.

Local LAN Port VLAN Settings 

Status: ☐ Enable

VLAN ID: (1-4094)

Apply

Status	Enable this function.
Mode	Specify the VLAN that the EAP is added to. The valid values are from 1 to 4094, and the default is 1.

5

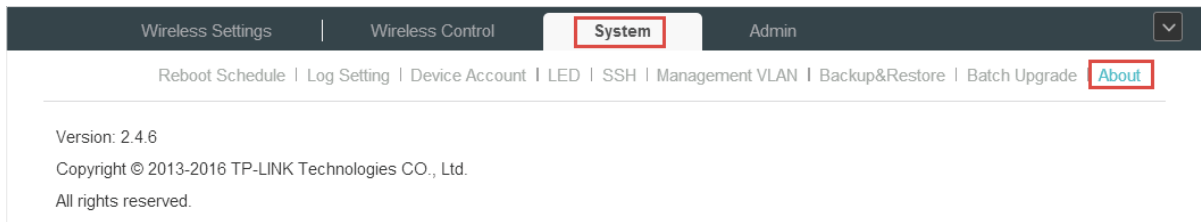
Manage the EAP Controller

This chapter mainly introduces how to manage the user account and configure system settings. This chapter includes the following contents.

- *Information About the Software*
- *User Account*
- *Controller Settings*

5.1 Information About the Software

You can view the EAP Controller's version and copyright information on the **About** page.



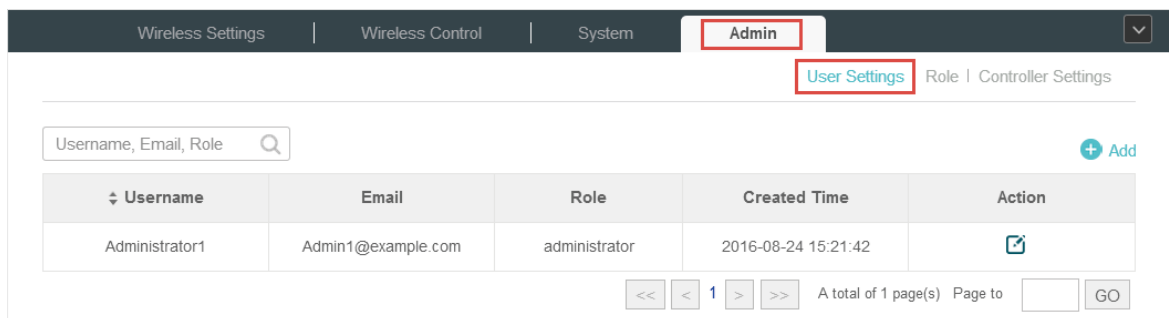
5.2 User Account

You can use different user account to log in to the EAP Controller. User has three roles: administrator, operator and observer. The administration authority varies among different roles.

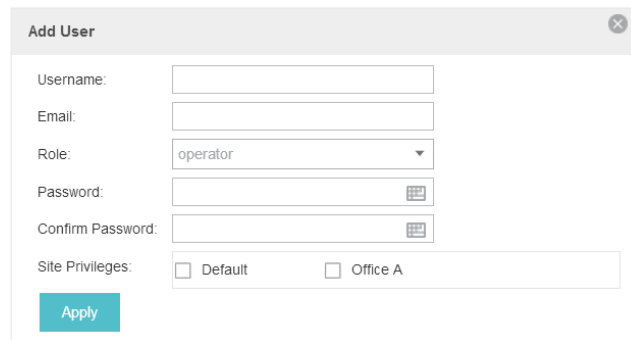
Administrator	The first administrator account is created in the Basic Configuration process and this account can not be deleted. An administrator can change the settings of the EAP network and create and delete user accounts.
Operator	An operator account can be created or deleted by the administrator. The operator can change the settings of the EAP network.
Observer	An observer account can be created or deleted by the administrator. The observer can only view the status and settings of the EAP network but not change the settings.

Follow the steps below to add user account.

1. Go to **Admin > User Settings**.



2. Click  **Add** and the following window will pop up.



The 'Add User' dialog box contains the following fields and options:

- Username:** Text input field.
- Email:** Text input field.
- Role:** Drop-down menu with 'operator' selected.
- Password:** Text input field with a password icon.
- Confirm Password:** Text input field with a password icon.
- Site Privileges:** Two checkboxes: ☐ Default and ☐ Office A.
- Apply:** A blue button at the bottom left.

3. Specify the username, Email and password of the account.

4. Select the role from the drop-down list.

- If you select **operator** or **observer**, you also need to select the **Site Privileges**.
- If you select **administrator**, the **Site Privileges** option will not appear and all sites are available for the administrator user.

5. Click **Apply** to add the user account.

Note:

You can refer to the **Role** page to view the user role's type, description information, permission scope and created time.

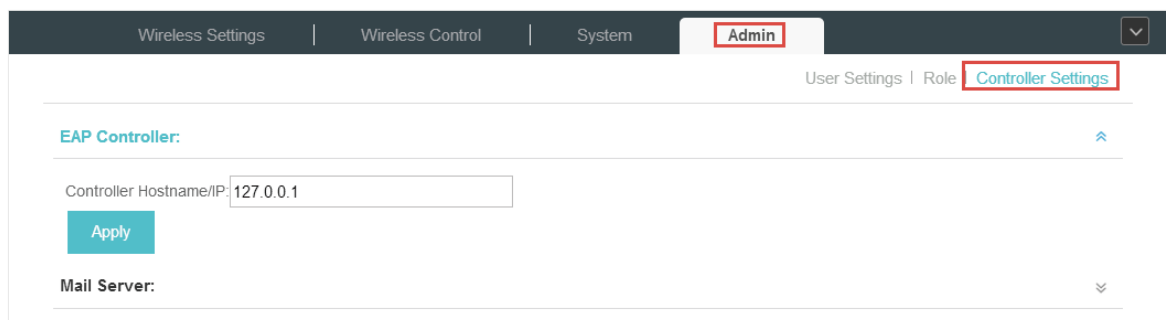
5.3 Controller Settings

You can configure the EAP Controller's hostname and IP address. In addition, we recommend you configure the Mail server to reset your login password when you forget it.

5.3.1 Configure Controller Hostname/IP

Follow the steps below to configure the hostname or IP address of the EAP Controller.

1. Go to **Admin > Controller Settings** and click **EAP Controller**.



The 'Controller Settings' page shows the following configuration options:

- EAP Controller:** A section header with an expand/collapse icon.
- Controller Hostname/IP:** A text input field containing '127.0.0.1'.
- Apply:** A blue button below the hostname/IP field.
- Mail Server:** A section header with an expand/collapse icon.

The page also features a top navigation bar with 'Wireless Settings', 'Wireless Control', 'System', and 'Admin' (highlighted). A breadcrumb trail shows 'User Settings | Role | Controller Settings'.

2. Enter the hostname or IP address of the EAP Controller.

3. Click **Apply** to save the configuration.

5.3.2 Configure Mail Server

With the Mail Server, you can reset the password of the user account and receive notifications from the EAP Controller. It is different from the SMTP Server, which is just for the syslog emails sending.

Follow the steps below to configure mail server.

1. Go to **Admin > Controller Settings**.
2. Click **Mail Server**, check the box to enable SMTP Server, and then the following screen will appear.

The screenshot shows the 'Admin' tab selected in the top navigation bar. Below it, the 'Controller Settings' link is highlighted. The 'Mail Server' section is expanded, showing the 'Enable SMTP Server' checkbox checked. The 'Mail Server' field is empty, and the 'Port' field contains '25'. The 'Enable Auth' checkbox is unchecked. The 'Username', 'Password', and 'Specify Sender Address' fields are also empty. An 'Apply' button is at the bottom left of the form.

3. Configure the following parameters.

Mail Server	Enter the IP address or domain of SMTP Server.
Port	The default is 25. You can enable SSL (Security Socket Layer) to enhance secure communications over the Internet. If SSL is enabled, the port number will automatically change to 465.
Enable Auth	Select this option to enable authentication.
Username/Password	If you enable authentication, enter the username and password required by the mail server.
Specify Sender Address	Specify the sender's mail address. Enter the email address that will appear as the sender of the warning email.

4. Click **Apply** to save the configuration.

Note:

Specify the account email address based on the Mail server to receive the notifications.

6 *Application Example*

A restaurant has a wireless network with three EAPs managed by the EAP Controller. The network administrator wants to :

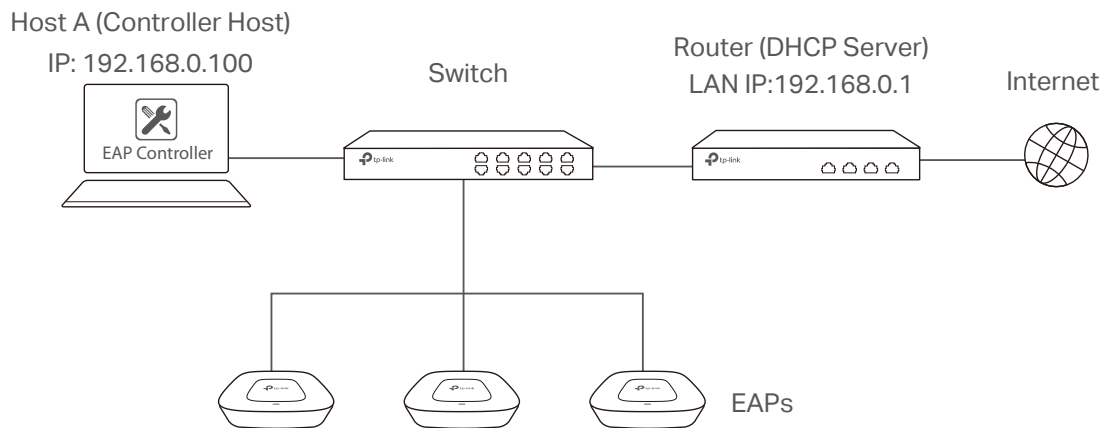
- Monitor the EAPs with the Map.
- Enable Portal function to drive customers' attention to the ads of the supermarket when customers attempt to access the network. The costumers need to use a simple password to pass the authentication.
- Allow the employees of the restaurant to access the network resources without portal authentication.
- Schedule the radio to operate only during the working time (8:00 am to 22:00 pm) in order to reduce power consumption.

Follow the steps below to achieve the requirements above.

6.1 Basic Configuration

Follow the steps below to do the basic configuration.

1. Connect the hardware by referring to the following topology.



2. Install the EAP Controller on Host A.
3. Launch the software and follow the instructions to complete some initial configurations.
4. Log into the management interface.
5. Adopt the pending EAP devices.

6.2 Advanced Settings

After the basic configuration, refer to the following content to meet the network administrator's requirements.

6.2.1 Monitor the EAPs with Map

Follow the steps below to create a map and monitor the EAPs with the map.

1. Go to the **Map**.
2. Import a local map and set the map scale.
3. Drag the EAPs to the appropriate locations on the map.
4. Click **Coverage** and you can see the representation of the EAPs' wireless coverage.



6.2.2 Configure Portal Authentication

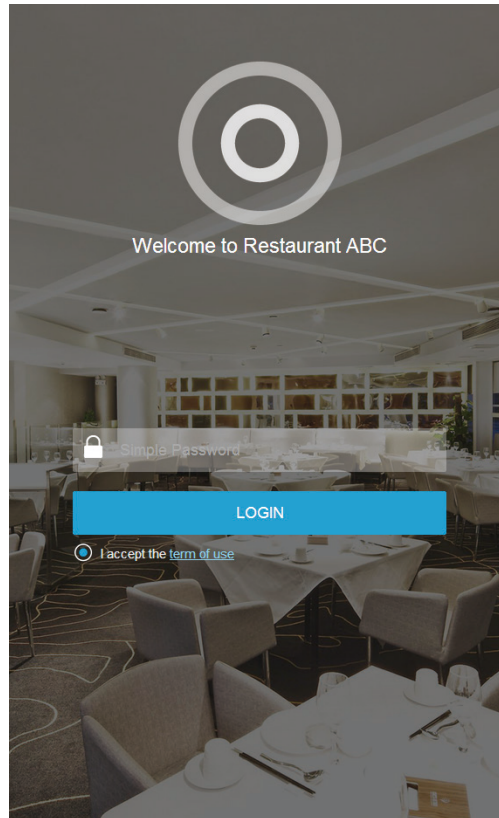
Follow the steps below to configure Portal function.

1. Open the global configuration window and go to **Portal**.

Configure the parameters.

- 1) Specify a simple password for the guests.
- 2) Select the **Authentication Timeout**. For example, 1 Hour is suitable for the customers at the restaurant.

- 3) Enable the **Redirect** to drive the costumers to the restaurant's homepage after successful login. We can put some promotion information on the page.
 - 4) Configure the **Login Page**.
2. Click **Apply** to save the configuration.
 3. Click **Preview Login Page** and you can preview the login page for the customers.



4. Go to **Basic Wireless Settings** and edit the SSID we created in the basic configuration.

A screenshot of a web-based configuration window titled 'Edit SSID'. The window has a close button in the top right corner. The main content area is divided into two sections: 'Basic Info' and 'Rate Limit'. The 'Basic Info' section contains several fields: 'SSID Name' with the value 'SSID1', 'Wireless Vlan ID' with the value '0' (with a note '(0-4094, 0 is used to disable VLAN tagging.)'), 'SSID Broadcast' with a checked checkbox and the label 'Enable', 'Security Mode' with a dropdown menu showing 'None', 'Portal' with a checked checkbox and the label 'Enable', 'SSID Isolation' with an unchecked checkbox and the label 'Enable', and 'Access Control Rule' with a dropdown menu showing 'None'. The 'Rate Limit' section is currently collapsed. At the bottom of the window, there is a blue button labeled 'Apply'.

5. Edit the parameters as follows.

- 1) To make it easier for customers to connect, change the **Security Mode** from **WPA-PSK** to **None**. Customers can connect to the EAPs without password and be redirected to the Portal Authentication where the correct password will be required.
 - 2) Enable **Portal**.
6. Click **Apply** to save the configuration.

6.2.3 Create a SSID for the Employees

We have created a SSID in the basic configuration for the customers. Here we need to create another SSID for the employees to allow them to access the network without portal authentication. In addition, the new SSID should be invisible for the customers.

Follow the steps below to create a SSID for the employees.

1. Open the global configuration window and go to **Basic Wireless Settings**.
2. Click **Add** to add a new SSID.

Add 2.4GHz SSID

Basic Info

SSID Name:

Wireless Vlan ID: (0-4094, 0 is used to disable VLAN tagging.)

SSID Broadcast: ☒ Enable

Security Mode:

Version: ☐ Auto ☐ WPA-PSK ☒ WPA2-PSK

Encryption: ☐ Auto ☐ TKIP ☒ AES

Wireless Password:

Group Key Update Period: seconds(30-8640000,0 means no upgrade).

Portal: ☐ Enable

SSID Isolation: ☐ Enable

Access Control Rule:

Rate Limit

Apply

Configure the parameters.

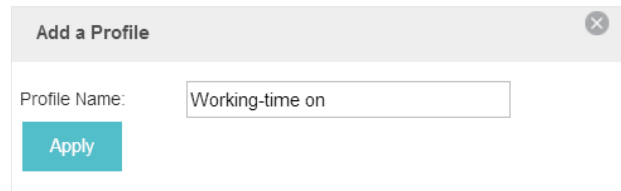
- 1) Disable the **SSID Broadcast** to hide this SSID from the customers.
- 2) Specify the **SSID Name**, **Security Mode** and **Wireless Password**. Let the employees manually enter the SSID name and password, and choose the security mode you set to access the network.
- 3) Keep the **Portal** disabled for this SSID.
- 4) Click **Apply** to save the configuration.

6.2.4 Configure Scheduler

Follow the steps below to schedule the radio to operate only during the working time (from 8:00 to 22:00).

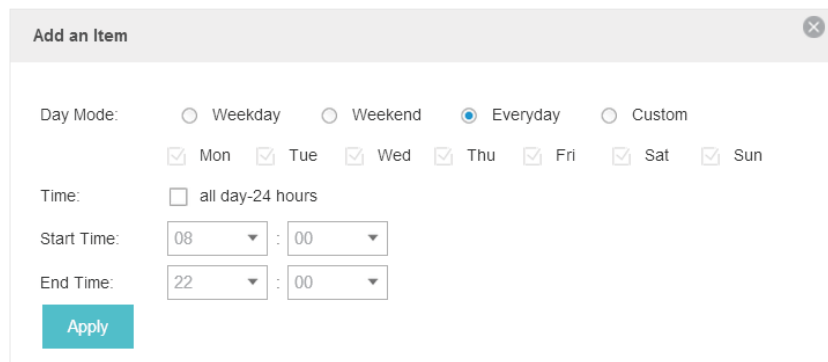
1. Open the global configuration window and go to **Scheduler**.

1) Add a profile.



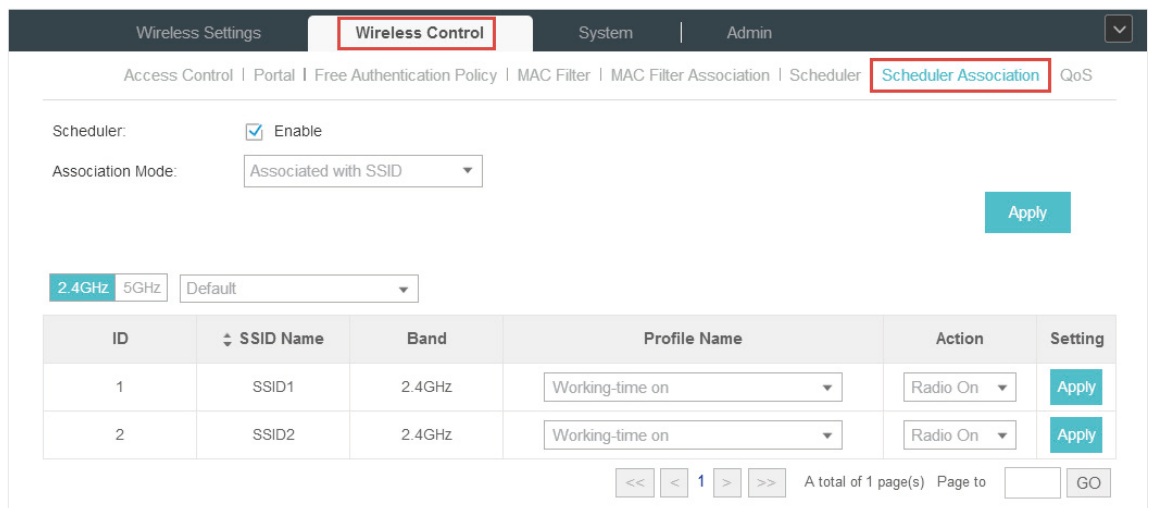
The 'Add a Profile' dialog box has a title bar with a close button. It contains a 'Profile Name' label and a text input field with the value 'Working-time on'. Below the input field is a teal 'Apply' button.

2) Add an item for the profile. The parameters are set as shown on the following screen.



The 'Add an Item' dialog box has a title bar with a close button. It contains the following settings: 'Day Mode' with radio buttons for Weekday, Weekend, Everyday (selected), and Custom; checkboxes for days of the week (Mon, Tue, Wed, Thu, Fri, Sat, Sun) all of which are checked; 'Time' with an unchecked 'all day-24 hours' checkbox; 'Start Time' set to 08:00; and 'End Time' set to 22:00. A teal 'Apply' button is at the bottom.

2. Go to **Scheduler Association** tab.



The 'Scheduler Association' page is part of the 'Wireless Control' section. It has tabs for 'Wireless Settings', 'Wireless Control' (active), 'System', and 'Admin'. The page has a breadcrumb trail: 'Access Control | Portal | Free Authentication Policy | MAC Filter | MAC Filter Association | Scheduler | Scheduler Association | QoS'. The 'Scheduler' is enabled. The 'Association Mode' is 'Associated with SSID'. There are buttons for '2.4GHz', '5GHz', and 'Default'. Below is a table with 6 columns: ID, SSID Name, Band, Profile Name, Action, and Setting.

ID	SSID Name	Band	Profile Name	Action	Setting
1	SSID1	2.4GHz	Working-time on	Radio On	Apply
2	SSID2	2.4GHz	Working-time on	Radio On	Apply

At the bottom, there are navigation buttons: '<<', '<', '1', '>', '>>'. To the right, it says 'A total of 1 page(s) Page to' followed by a text input field and a 'GO' button.

1) Enable the function and select **Associated with SSID**. Click **Apply**.

2) In the **Profile Name** column of both SSIDs, select the profile we just created.

3) In the **Action** column of both SSIDs, select **Radio On**.

4) Click **Apply** in the **Setting** column of both SSIDs.

5) Select **5GHz** and do the same configurations as above.